BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 22, 1866. VOLUME XXXII----NUMBER 200.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

IS PUBLISHED MORNINGS.

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4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

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WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

JOHN H. LYNDE. C. W. S. WHEELER.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance. Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. B. FOSTER,
Commission Merchant,
AUCTIONEER,
And Commercial Broker,
Office—At the Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company's Office.

Will attend to the Sale of all descriptions of Merchandize and Real Estate by private or public sale.

Ballister & Batchelder,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers
NO. 274 PEARL STREET,
Jos. F. Ballister, M. Treat Batchelder. } BOSTON.
nov7 6m

H. L. MITCHELL,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW
NO. 3 WEST MARKET SQUARE,
aug1 *BANGOR, MAINE.*

ROBERT TREAT & CO
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CORN & FLOUR,
W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.
Nos. 90 Exchange St., Opposite Pen. Exchange.
ROBERT TREAT.
JOHN STRANGE.
nov7 dt

HORATIO PITCHER,
COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,
DEALER IN
SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,
Harris's Wharf, - - Savannah, Ga.
aug14

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,
Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,
And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,
No. 200 Commercial Street,
W. H. PITCHER. W. M. FULLER. C. H. PLUMER. } BOSTON.
jan15'64

Bradbury & Sweat,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
BION BRADBURY. L. D. M. SWEAT.
Office, - - - 117 Middle Street.
nov 24—2m

J. W. SYKES.
PURCHASER FOR EASTERN ACCOUNT
—OF—
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, PROVISIONS, LARD, BUTTER, and WESTERN PRODUCE generally.
Particular attention given to shipping by quickest and cheapest routes. *No. 152 South Water street,*
Chicago, Illinois.
P. O. Box 471.
REFERENCES—Messrs. S. G. Bowdlear & Co., Mayhard & Sons, H. & W. Chickering, C. H. Cummings & Co., Charles H. Stone, Hallett, Davis & Co., Boston; J. N. Bacon, Esq., President Newton National Bank, Newton, Mass.; C. B. Coffin, Esq., New York City. may24'65 dly

A. L. CHICK,
Watchmaker,
—AT—
Charles Sweet's,
Corner of Hammond and Franklin Sts.
All kinds of Nice Watch Repairing done to order, and warranted. Work for the trade at a discount.
nov18 3m

WOODMAN, TRUE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
DRY GOODS & WOOLENS,
MANUFACTURERS AND
JOBBERS OF CLOTHING,
Nos. 54 and 56 Middle St.,
PORTLAND.
GEO. W. WOODMAN. SETH E. HERSEY. CHARLES BAILEY. } WM. H. MOSES. GEO. P. GROSS.
dec 11—3m

CROCKERY,
China and Glass Ware,
We are now opening NEW IMPORTATIONS of
CROCKERY WARE,
In Every Variety, including New Patterns
DINNER, TEA and TOILET WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
FANCY WARE,
PLAIN, ROUGHED, & ENAMELLED VASES,
FOR PAINTING, AND SELLING LOW AT
NO. 1 MAIN STREET.
Dec 13 RICKER & IRELAND.

Patent Wooden and Metalic Burial Caskets.
HARD WOOD AND PINE COFFINS
GOT up in the best style, and for sale at the lowest Prices. Also PLATES, ROBES, &c.
E. H. TEBBETTS,
No's 19 and 20 East Market Square.
Residence—No. 124 Centre Street. s12

Norton & Doble.
HAVE PURCHASED THE STAND OF CHAS. NOYES, Oldtown, and will carry on
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING
In all its branches at lowest rates. Also Blacksmithing and the manufacture of Edge Tools. Painting of all kinds done to order. nov17 tf

Dye Woods.
A HEAVY STOCK of DYE WOODS & STUFFS just received and for sale by
BLOOD & BOWE,
11 Exchange St.

BUSINESS CARDS.

NICKERSON & PAINE,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
OFFICE, - - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block.
(Up two flights of Stairs.)
Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. dawtf

Notice of Co-Partnership.
THE Subscribers have formed a Co-partnership under the style of J. C. HOLMES & CO., for the transaction of the
Ship Chandlery Business,
AT THE OLD STAND
No. 12 Exchange Street.
All demands due the late Firm will be settled by J. C. Holmes.
J. C. HOLMES. | T. K. JOHNSTON. | GEORGE BOWEN
We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates.
feb 1—tf (Times copy)

New Drug Store.
CURTIS & WATERHOUSE,
HAVE rented Store No. 3 Pickering Square, opposite WOOD, BISHOP & CO., where they are prepared to sell all goods usually kept in a first class Drug Store, and hope by close attention to business and to the wants of customers, to merit a share of public patronage.
Please give us a call.
A. G. CURTIS. G. A. WATERHOUSE.
jan 17

REMOVAL
J. H. Clergue, Hair Manufacturer,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY NOTIFY HIS friends and the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to
No. 119, Over Blood & Howe's, Apothecaries,
And in connection with it has fitted a room especially for ladies, (entrance 115 Exchange street,) where he keeps a large assortment of False Hair, Wigs, Half Wigs, Bands, Curls, Waterfalls, Rats, Toupees, Natural Shapes; Hair matched to all colors: Hair Cut, Dyed and Shampooed. dec23

NOECROSS PERKINS & HERSEY,
Shipping, Forwarding
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
A. W. NOECROSS. P. N. PERKINS. E. P. HERSEY.
Particular attention paid to consignments of vessels and merchandise. Cotton and sugar purchased on orders.
Refer to—Hon. H. Hamlin, Collector of the Port; Hon. Geo. C. Richardson, Pres't Board of Trade; Messrs. Ewd. D. Peters & Co., Pierce & Bacon, Boston;—Ballentine, Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Geo. K. Jewett, Esq., Bangor; Hon. Wm. McGilvery, Searsport; Hon. N. G. Hichborn, Stockton; Messrs. Wm. Pitcher & Son, Belfast; Cobb, Wight & Case, Rockland. oct7 3tow4w6m

New Grocery Store!
Molesworth & Pattee,
No. 23 BROAD STREET
and No. 19 Pickering Square.
Will keep constantly on hand, for sale,
Flour, Meal, Pork, Lard, Teas,
COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES,
and a variety of articles usually found in a Grocery Store, which they will sell CHEAP for CASH.
Call and see.
W. S. PATTEE. J. G. MOLESWORTH.
oct12

E. T. Wasgatt, Dentist,
OFFICE, 2½ Kenduskeag Bridge
Up the same flight of stairs as Sawyer's Photograph Rooms.

Bounty and Pensions.
I AM prepared to obtain BOUNTIES due to the friends of deceased soldiers, and PENSIONS for those disabled in the service.
Charges moderate and attention prompt.
Office on Hammond Street, opposite City Hall.
WM. C. CROSBY, Attorney.
Bangor, Feb. 20, 1864.

United States Claim Agency
PERKINS & STEVENS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND
ARMY & NAVY CLAIM AGENTS,
(Authorized by U. S. Government)
No. 1 MAIN ST., BANGOR.
PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY, and PRIZE MONEY, and all claims against the Government, obtained for
Officers, Soldiers, Seamen,
AND THEIR HEIRS.
Claimants can apply by Letter or in person.
Information free of charge.
Special attention given to suspended or rejected claims.
Perkins & Stevens,
GOVERNMENT AGENCY,
NO. 1 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, MAINE.
REFERENCES:
HON. H. HAMLIN, Vice President U. S.
HON. JOHN H. RICE, M. C.
HON. JOHN APPLETON, Chief Justice, S. J. C.
HON. JOHN E. GODBEER, Judge Prob.
December 20

FLOUR! FLOUR!
400 Bbls. Western
AND
Extra State Flour,
At GEO. C. PICKERING'S
jan 3—2m 45 West Market Square.

Notice.
THE Treasurer of the PENOBSCOT LUMBERING ASSOCIATION will pay back to the owners of Logs that came through the Penobscot Boom in the months of April and May, 1865, TEN CENTS per thousand feet over assessment of boomage on said Logs.
ABRAM MOOR,
Treasurer P. L. A.
Bangor, January 17, 1866. jl8

The Place to Get GOOD SIGNS!
Of every description, *CHEAP*
IS AT
MARSTON & SONS,
127 EXCHANGE STREET.
3taw

Picture Frame Maker,
and Burnish Gilder,
WM. TODD, No. 12 State Street, east side, would be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with a call; and would also say in regard to quality of work and goods, that they are of the BEST KIND. Having had some sixteen years experience in the Gilding business, I feel confident in saying that my work cannot be surpassed by any one.
Old Frames Re-gilded, and Frames Varnished. Frames in every variety made to order, as cheap as at any shop in Bangor.
Please call and examine for yourselves at No. 12 State Street, East side, at
WM. TODD'S
July 25, 1864—tf Gilding Establishment.

Removal.
J. R. BOUENE, Agent for Wheeler & Wilson's SEWING MACHINES, has removed from the Hoop Skirt Store, to
THE CHEAP STORE, NO. 15 MAIN ST.
Price of S. M., from $55 upwards.
Machines repaired; Machine Oil and Fittings for sale; Machine Sewing done in the best manner.
Jan30 3taw

WON'T USE ANY OTHER,
THE LAST AND BEST!
The Right Article Finally, everybody likes it; is purely Vegetable.
RESTORES GRAY HAIR IN FOUR WEEKS, OR MONEY REFUNDED.
IT WILL DO IT EVERY TIME.
Three Applications will Cure all Humors of the scalp!
—ASK FOR—
WEBSTER'S VEGETABLE HAIR INVIGORATOR.
AND DON'T TAKE ANY OTHER.
S. & J. ADAMS, Bangor,
Gen'l Wholesale Agents for Eastern Maine.
February 15—d13w

ÆTNA

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
THE ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
Grew out of the Old Ætna Fire Insurance Company, having been first organized as a branch of that Company. The Life Fund was afterward separated from the Fire Fund, with the same Stockholders as before. In 1861 the Mutual was combined with the Stock plan; by this combination the insured secure *all* the benefits of a Mutual Co., and the additional security which a safely invested capital affords. Since that time the ÆTNA has enjoyed unusual prosperity, and increased its business to an unprecedented extent. The energy and enterprise which have characterized its operations are best indicated by the following figures:—
The Receipts for the Year 1863 were $201.454 67.
The Receipts for the Year 1864 were 694.827 53.
The Receipts for the Year 1865 were 1.683.039 57.
The number of Policies issued during the year 1865 was 8819.
It is UNPARALLELED GROWTH or "attainment of breadth" of base is well regarded by competent authority as the true measure of success.
The ÆTNA pays a 50 per cent. dividend on the premiums of ordinary Life Policies TWO YEARS from the first payment of premium. This is 6 per cent better than the 50 per cent. dividend paid by other Companies *four years* from the first payment of premium. The Ætna issues the usual
Life Plan and the Endowment Plan, also the
TEN-YEAR NON-FORFEITING POLICIES,
TEN-YEAR NON-FORFEITING ENDOWMENT POLICIES.
The Ætna stands ahead in new business and with the lowest expenses, which is the best guarantee to the insured.
All information cheerfully given and applications for policies taken by the subscribers.
JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON, Agents,
February 7 Nos. 80 and 82 Exchange Street.

BANGOR HOUSE;
Main Street, Bangor, Maine,
O. M. SHAW, - - - - - - Proprietor.
The above House is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access, and nearest to the Steamboats and Railroad Stations. Stages leave the above House, daily, for all parts of the country. Oct. 13.

MARINE INSURANCE!
—AT—
HOME!
THE
Union Insurance Company
INSURES AGAINST ALL KINDS OF MARINE LOSSES at its Office, corner of State and Exchange Streets, Bangor.
Capital, . . $100.000!
DIRECTORS.
SAMUEL VEAZIE, President Veazie Bank.
Hon. SAM'L F. HERSEY.
AMOS M. ROBERTS, President Eastern Bank.
W. H. SMITH, President Lumbermen's Bank, Oldtown.
WM. McGILVERY, President Searsport Bank.
HENRY B. PRENTISS, Esq., Dealer in Timber Lands.
GEO. STETSON, President First National Bank, Bangor.
FRANKLIN MUZZY, Firm of F. Muzzy & Co.
ARAD THOMPSON, Firm of Thompson & Hichborn.
Hon. A. D. MANSON.
FRANCIS M. SABINE, Merchant.
Hon. JOHN A. PETERS, Attorney General.
F. G. DUNN, Esq.
JOHN S. CRADWICK, Esq.
Hon. ISAIAH STETSON, Firm of Stetson & Co.
JAMES LITTLEFIELD, Esq., Com'l Merchant.
LEMUEL BRADFORD, Esq., Firm of Bradford, Hatton & Co.
NATHAN C. AYER, Firm of N. C. Ayer & Co.
THOS. J. STEWART, Esq., Com'l Merchant.
GEO. STETSON, Pres'dt.
J. S. CRADWICK, Sec'ty.
January 25 h—ts

Statement
OF THE BUSINESS OF THE
Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company,
For the year ending Dec. 31, 1865, and Exhibit of the condition of the Company at that date.

Amount at risk Jan. 1, 1865,	$469,233	$34,216 21
Amount at risk taken during the year,	1,426,399	73,069 56
	2,893,632	107,285 77
Terminated and re-insured,	2,329,882	67,096 46
	565,650	40,189 31
Premiums earned after paying Re-insurance,		60,851 51
Policy account,		266 50
Interest account,		4,513 82
Ain't to profit and Loss, Dec. 31, 1864,	21,465 14	
Less amt dividends, 1864,	15,230 12	
		6,275 02
Amount of Losses paid in 1865,	39,824 53	
Less collected, re-insurance, &c.	6,776 86	
	33,058 23	
Expenses, including In. Rev. tax,	3,507 96	
Profit and Loss for 1865,	35,572 76	
		71,938 85

ASSETS

Bills receivable,	$8,980 12
Cash,	15,501 58
Bangor City Bonds,	7,000 00
State of Maine Bonds,	2,512 50
U. S. 6-20 Bond,	9,386 82
U. S. 7-30 Bond,	3,100 00
Stock in 23 National Bank, Bangor,	10,000 00
Stock in Kent'ucky Nat. Bk., Bangor,	10,000 00
Due the Co. on loc. for premiums,	9,402 86
Office Furniture,	1,000 00
	$136,883 87

LIABILITIES.

Bills payable,	652 00
Scrip of the Company, unpaid,	55,875 00
Losses adjusted, unpaid,	1,820 28
Estimated losses known, but not adjusted,	12,960 00
Estimated cost to reinsure all risks,	29,500 00
Balance of assets over actual and estimated liabilities,	49,076 59
	$150,883 87

S. H. DALE, President.
J. B. FOSTER, Secretary.
jan18

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
—OFFICE—
Corner of Hammond and Central Streets,
Bangor, Me.

Cash Assets,	$14.000.000
Income for Current Year, all Cash,	3.500.000
Paid Claims by Death since formation of Company,	6.000.000
Receipts from Interest alone,	5.000.000

The Advantages Offered by the
Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK,
ARE AS FOLLOWS:
It has a Larger Amount of ASSETTS than any other Company in this Country, amounting to
$14.000.000,
And are exclusively Cash!
DIVIDENDS ANNUALLY, and may be used as CASH in payment of PREMIUMS, or as an income when there is no Premium to pay.
Dividends declared upon a purely Mutual Plan, equitably dividing all the profits remaining after payment of expenses and the necessary reserve.
Rates of Premium are lower than in most Companies.
Premiums on Ten Year Policies cease at the expiration of ten years, making the Policy A PAID-UP POLICY, with Dividends still continuing a source of income during its existence.
All Policies issued by this Company participate in the Annual Distributions.
Policies issued so as to be non-forfeitable except by reason of direct violation of the condition of the Policy.
The safest and best investment that you can make of a few dollars, is to place it in a LIFE INSURANCE POLICY.
READER, ARE YOU INSURED?
If not, call upon the undersigned, and take a policy upon your life in the
Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK.
The Best and Safest Company in the U. S.
Why is it the Best and Safest?
Because it has double the Cash Assets of any Life Insurance Company, and will earn more than any Company in this country for the Policy Holders.
No man with a dependent family, is free from reproach, if his life is insured.
See to it before it's too late. Secure an Insurance on your life in this Company, by so doing you have made a wise investment. You will have the satisfaction of knowing that (when you are called hence) those you have loved, cared and provided for while here, are beyond the reach of want through your prudence and wisdom.
Information given, blanks, statements and circulars furnished, on application either in person or by mail to
Charles P. Wiggin,
AGENT.
Note carefully the name of this Company.—THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, that it may not be confounded with others somewhat similar.
jan 17

NOTICE.
A BOOKKEEPER by the subscriber will hereafter be wanted by him at Frankfort Mill Boom, Stillwater, instead of Stearns Bank.
FRANKLIN TREAT.
Frankfort Mills, Jan. 16, 1866. 3tawtf

NOTICE.
Mattawamkeag Log Driving Co.
THE ANNUAL MEETING of the above Corporation will be held at the office of CHARLES D. BRYANT, 72 Exchange Street, Bangor, on TUESDAY, the sixth day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing officers for the ensuing year, and to transact any other business which may come before said meeting.
CHAS. D. BRYANT, CLERK.
Mattawamkeag Log Driving Company.
Bangor, February 15th, 1865. tm

Maine Central Railroad Co.
Annual Meeting on Wednesday, February 28, 1866, at Waterville.
The Stockholders are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Maine Central Railroad Company, will be held at the Town Hall in Waterville, on WEDNESDAY, February 28, 1866, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to act upon the following articles, viz:—
1st—To hear the reports of Directors and Treasurer of said Company, and act thereon.
2d—To make choice of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year.
EDWARD T. LITTLE, Clerk.
Waterville, January 31, 1866 tm

NOTICE.
Penobscot Lumbering Association.
THE ANNUAL MEETING of this Association for the election of Trustees, will be held at the Penobscot Exchange, in the city of Bangor, on MONDAY, the fifth day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
The Board of Directors will be in session at the Treasurer's office, No. 4 Mercantile Square, Bangor, on THURSDAY, preceding the said Monday, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of receiving and acting upon written applications of all whom it may concern of becoming members of the Association, stating the number of thousand feet of lumber they own in the Boom, or design to have come into the Boom this year, with the marks, and townships or tracts where cut; and also for deciding on similar statements made by each member of the Association, each member being entitled, in the choice of Trustees, to one vote for every hundred thousand feet of Logs.
The Board of Trustees of said Association will hold their Annual Meeting at the Penobscot Exchange, in the city of Bangor, on the same fifth day of March next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of the following officers, viz.:
President, Clerk, Treasurer, and six Directors;—and to transact any other business which may properly come before said meeting.
ABRAM MOOR, Clerk.
Bangor, February 13, 1866.

BANGOR COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
—AND—
TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
Lewis Block, Main-st., Bangor.
New Rooms Rented.
THE GENEROUS PATRONAGE RECEIVED by this popular Institution, has compelled the Proprietors to rent additional rooms.
On and after MONDAY, Jan. 15th, the rooms in EXCHANGE BLOCK, formerly occupied by Mr. Tebbetts, will be used in connection with those in Lewis Block.
THIS INSTITUTION, A LINK IN THE
Great American Chain,
Is Second to none other in
Comprehensiveness, Thoroughness
AND ECONOMY.
Text Books being used only as references, the Student is thrown upon his own resources, and graduates not a mere copyist, but learns that best of lessons, dependence upon himself.
Manuscript Course.
Upwards of fifty sets are given precisely as they occur in business. They contain all the improved and labor-saving methods of Book Keeping.
Business Correspondence.
One great advantage of this Chain over all others is its system of Business Correspondence.
The Student has a Correspondent given him in a distant College, with whom he buys, sells, receives consignments, ships goods both on his own and joint account—and in a word goes through all the forms used in actual business.
Penmanship.
We offer the best facilities for acquiring this Art, the Department being under the management of one of the best Penmen of the day.
Telegraph Department.
A Class in this lucrative Art is in operation under the charge of an accomplished sound operator.
Ladies' Department.
Having fitted up a room exclusively for Ladies we would invite them to call and examine our facilities.
Mercantile Library.
Every holder of a Scholarship has free access to the Mercantile Library and Reading Room.
Commercial Law.
A Course of Lectures is being given on Commercial Law, free to Students. Great inducements are offered to Clubs. DISABLED SOLDIERS will find a course in our Institution the best means of obtaining employment.
For further information send for College Paper and specimen of Penmanship, or call at College Rooms. Address,
Worthington, Warner & Smith.
jan 11—3taw

HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES

Are warranted to give Entire Satisfaction. They *always* take the premium. A complete variety of
Scales, Beams, Weights and Measures.
ALSO,
Fire and Burglar Proof Safes
can always be found at
The New England Warehouse,
46 Congress street, Boston.
G. E. REYNOLDS, Agent.
Sold in Bangor by BOARDMAN & BRANN.
sept. 1 3tawdewom

Baltimore Commission House
The Long Established Firm of
STALL & CO.
Are still prepared to receive Consignments of *Potatoes, Onions, and all kinds of Produce*, and, as in the past 20 years, will continue to devote our personal attention to all consignments, and give our best efforts to afford satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage, by prompt attention to this interest.
STALL & CO.
No. 133 Pratt Street Wharf.
References—John Clarke, President Citizens Bank; Thomas Mackey, Kelsey & Gray, Purvis & Co., Bankers, Johns Reeves, Merchant; Lath, Rich, Winterport; Capt. Reuben Stubbs, Capt. Richard Ritchie, Tilsons Hillburn, Bucksport.

Whig & Courier.
Daily Established 1834. - - Weekly 1845.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	50
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.
$2.00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
Advertisements inserted *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.
Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.
All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

A New Freedmen's Bureau Bill—Secretary Seward on the Mexican Question.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21

The Commercial says—

The money market sympathizes slightly with the movement in gold. The Sub-Treasury Saturday and yesterday sold about $5,000,000 of gold at 137¼, which temporarily takes nearly $7,000,000 in currency into the Sub-Treasury, and so far diminishes the supply of money for loans. All demands in the street are met at 6 per cent. The chief purchasers of gold were foreign Bankers. The bear interest still predominates in the stock market.

Governments continues in steady demand.

The improvement in 5-20's at London, reported by the last steamers, has no effect here, the decline in gold being more than an offset.

TORONTO, Feb. 20.

The Grand Trunk Railway Company has issued a circular notifying agents that in consequence of the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, they have decided in the meantime to give preference to shipment to all freight for the United States.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

The Tribune's special Washington despatch says:

General Terry has testified before the Reconstruction Committee, and left for Richmond.

It is stated that Mr. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, will introduce a new Freedmen's Bureau Bill to-day, incorporating the President's features.

The Heralds despatch says:

The reply of Secretary Seward to Mr. Bigelow's despatch enclosing the speech of the Emperor Napoleon in reference to Mexican affairs, will be forwarded to Europe to-day. It emphatically denies the assertion of the Emperor that our government had been invited to join France in her Mexican intervention before the introduction of French forces into Maximilian's army.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

The steamer Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall 13th, has arrived.

Several miners have arrived at Panama en route to prospect the gold mines of Clioco and Barbacous, some forty miles from Turaco.

A rich gold region is reported just discovered about eighteen miles from Panama, and two miles from the railroad. California miners pronounce the developments exceedingly rich.

The blockade of Calderas had been raised, and the Spanish squadron had concentrated at Valparaiso. Five or six sailing vessels had been burned by the Spaniards.

The Chilian coast is now open to trade. Several vessels from Europe had been warned away from Valparaiso, and had gone to other ports.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 21.

The Speaker of the Tennessee House has ordered absenting members to be brought in by force, if they will not come voluntarily.

The session to-day was stormy. An angry discussion was caused by the compelled attendance of several members of the conservative party, who, it is alleged, staid away to prevent the House having a quorum.

It was reported in the House to-day, that Col. Shaffer, commander at this post, would, if the absence of members continued, use military force to compel attendance.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 21.

The Legislative Investigation Committee, on alleged frauds in enlistments have reported that after the fullest investigation they have been enabled to make into the matter of enlistments and credits to towns, they are fully satisfied that the evidence before them does not tend to implicate any officer of the State in any transactions in connection with enlistments or credits to the State, inconsistent with his official duty.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 21.

The democratic members of the Ohio Legislature held a caucus to-night, and endorsed the President's veto message.

TRICHINIASIS. The new disease called Trichiniasis, which has caused so much excitement and consternation in Germany, is produced by a minute worm introduced into the system from the eating of pork infested with this parasite. The order Nematoides, to which this worm belongs, should interest the physician, as it includes nearly all the internal parasites of the human subject. The various species occur in different parts of the body; thus, one species confined to the inhabitants of tropical Asia and Africa, is found in the lower extremities just beneath the skin.

Three species have been found in the eye. Another species has been detected in the enlarged bronchial tubes of a man. The bladder has been found to contain a species.—Still another species, fortunately very rare, has been found in the human kidney, where it often produces suppuration and absorption of that organ. This species is not confined to the human subject, but is found in the dog and several other animals.

The round worm, so common with children, belongs to this group. The Trichina spiralis, which causes the disease named at the head of this article, was first described by Prof. Richard Owen of England in the year 1835, though the peculiar appearance of the flesh containing these worms was noticed in 1833. Each of these worms is enclosed in a cell or cyst about 1-50 inch in length.—These cysts are easily detected by compressing a very thin slice of the infected muscle between two pieces of glass. A longitudinal section of the muscle is necessary, as the cysts lie in that direction. These cysts are elliptical in shape and opaque, the central portion, however, being translucent enough to show the coiled worm within. This worm, when uncoiled, is about 1-30 inch in length.

Little is known regarding their development. We only know that they are introduced into the body by eating pork infested with them. The tenacity of life possessed by allied species, and probably by Trichina also, is very remarkable and should be known, since a knowledge of this property is necessary to those who would guard against them.

One species was immersed in turpentine three weeks, and yet brought forth living ova! Another species, common to the codfish, survived, after being subjected to boiling water for one hour. A species peculiar to the herring was found alive in herring which had been frozen and packed in ice.—It is obvious, then, that hasty cooking or smoking of pork will in no wise affect the vitality of the worm in question. What shall we say of those who habitually eat raw bacon and pork, or underdone sausage? "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and if we cannot cook our pork properly we had better do without it.—Cor. Press.

THE PRESIDENT SERENADED BY COPPERHEADS. A notice that the President would be serenaded by those who appreciated his devotion to the Union and the Constitution drew together a big crowd at Willard's Hotel. A majority of them were old Democrats, many of whom have been in the rebel army, or in the departments at Richmond.

After some music by the band in front of Willard's, speeches were made by Judge Hughes, Representatives Voorhees and Green Clay Smith, after which a procession was formed, marshaled by Council Whitley, the correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer, and marching to the White House. The band played and the crowd cheered, but Mr. Johnson could not be induced to speak or even show himself. The crowd then visited Mr. Seward who indulged in some vague remarks about peace, but did not allude to the vote.

Such a gathering of Copperheads has not been witnessed here since the spring of 1861.—[Sp. to Boston Journal.

While before the Reconstruction Committee on Saturday, in response to an inquiry as to whether a jury could be empannelled in Virginia for an impartial trial of Jeff Davis, Gen. Lee said that he thought not, as scarcely a man summoned as a juror could bring in a verdict of guilty of treason without feeling that he, as a party to the same crime, could be held equally liable. This does not accord with the statements of members of the Virginia delegation made before the same committee last week.

PHARAOH'S SERPENT.—Our attention has been called to this new chemical toy, from which is hatched amid fumes and gases what is called 'Pharaoh's Serpents.' The Boston Medical and Surgical Journal described the composition of these eggs, and says they are of poisonous nature.

"The substances contained in them cannot be mixed with the air of a room without injurious consequences to the person breathing it. The facts that serious results do not follow their use, is said to be that being expensive they are burned singly; though that Journal asserts that inspired even in minute quantity substances must be prejudicial to health, and that when set free by combustion in larger amounts, in a small room, they may produce even a dangerous effect. If people wish to play with such toys, it is suggested that they observe the precautions practiced under similar circumstances in chemical laboratories, of thoroughly ventilating the room.

—A call is out for a mass convention in Tennessee to demonstrate the perfect fitness of that State for immediate re-admission.—It is signed by 10 members of the Legislature. Eight of them voted against the bill to allow negro testimony in the Courts. One of them, in a speech last week, described the Congress of the United States as a "band of infamous and traitorous scoundrels, headed by Sumner and Stevens." When such men say Tennessee ought to be admitted, who will venture to say she ought not?—[N. Y. Tribune.

—Our readers will remember that we recently copied from the Bath Times an account of the shooting of James Fernandez, a notorious South Carolina desperado, by a soldier of the 15th Maine. A correspondent of the Times says that the chivalry have retaliated. Seven armed men, at midnight, proceeded to the negro quarters of the house where Fernandez was killed, and breaking down the door, murdered three innocent negroes,—one of them a woman, after which the valiant party made a hasty retreat.—Lewiston Journal.

FLOUR!
2000 Bbls. Double Extra, St. Louis, Extra, and Super. 10,000 BUSHELS CORN.
Pork and Lard; Cod Fish.
For Sale Low for Cash at Wholesale.
Call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
WALTER BROWN & SON,
feb 12 114 and 116 Exchange Street.

COUGH BALSAMS—Lazookah's, Schenck's, Wistar's, Hunter's, Hall's, Avery, Warren's, and all others for sale by B. F. BRADBURY.

MUTTY'S
Friction Feed Roller,
FOR CIRCULAR SAWS.
PATENTED JANUARY 23d, 1866.
THIS INVENTION is applicable to all Circular Saws provided with stationary tables and used for re-sawing lumber.
It reduces the labor of sawing one-half, and fifty per cent. more lumber can be sawed with, than without its use. It is applied without change of existing machinery; is not liable to get out of repair, and not expensive to apply.
It has been in practical use on the Penobscot river for one year, where the above facts have been fully and satisfactorily demonstrated, as is shown by the certificates of master mill-men, machinists, owners and operators of mills appended hereto.
The undersigned have for the past season witnessed the practical use of MUTTY'S FEED ROLLER in re-sawing lumber, and we cheerfully recommend it as a practical, economical, and labor saving invention, destined to come into general use in all cases where lumber is re-sawed upon stationary tables. We are fully satisfied from our own observation that the saving effected, and extra amount cut, by its use, is fully as large as the estimate above given.
THOS. N. EGERY, Iron Founder and Machinist, and Manufacturer of lumber sawing machinery.
C. G. STERNS, Mast'r and dealer in lumber.
DANL. SARGENT 2d, "
PALMER & JOHNSON, "
G. W. GORHAM, Master Machinist.
J. W. TREADWELL, Machinist.
JAMES TRACY, Practical Millman.
For terms and particulars address MUTTY & SMITH, Brewer Village, Me., owners of the Patent.
State and County rights for sale.
JOHN MUTTY,
feb 6—1m* JOSEPH S. SMITH.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETOR.

WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR.

Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "Wheeler & Lynde."

THURSDAY, FEB. 22, 1866.

Conspiracy to Injure the Finances of the United States.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger says, the State Department has positive evidence of the existence of a widely-extended conspiracy in Canada and Europe, designed to injuriously affect the finances of the United States Government. The intention is to use all available means to create a panic in European markets in regard to American securities, and as a consequence to force home our bonds held abroad. The hope seems to be cherished by the conspirators that they may, in this way, bring about a financial crisis in the United States, and prostrate the commercial interests of the country. The principal Canadian Agent is an individual named Vernow, and the first movement towards the contemplated results, exhibits itself in a work, the proof sheets of which are in possession of the Department. The tenor of this work may be inferred from its title-page, which is as follows:

"Repudiation of the National Debt Inevitable—Impossible to pay the Interest and Support the Government—The Farmer, Artisan and Laborer slaves to Shoddy and Wall street."

It appears that this Vernow is in correspondence with the Rothschilds on the subject, and the other leading European banking houses are implicated in the plot. It also appears that the conspirators have opened correspondence with Earl Russell and the London Times, with Hope & Co., at Amsterdam, and the Paris Journals. Of the intention on the part of the plotters to destroy the credit of the Government, the evidence is full and complete;—but we think they will find it a harder job than they imagine.

The President's Veto. The Boston Daily Advertiser has the following remarks—moderate and kind in tone, but fixed and firm in opinion:

We lay before our readers this morning the unwelcome intelligence that the President yesterday vetoed the Freedmen's Bureau bill. The hour at which we receive the veto is too late to permit us to examine the grounds on which it is rested, or to consider fully the attitude which Mr. Johnson has assumed towards the majority in each house of Congress. It is sufficient to say for the present that instead of involving objections merely to certain points of detail, as to which adjustment might not be difficult, the veto appears to proceed upon general considerations, as to which the judgment of Congress is probably as well fixed as the President's.

The grave character of the issue thus suddenly joined between the legislative and executive branches of our government will not escape the attention of our readers. It is an issue which it was worth much serious effort to avoid, not for the interests of party, which are temporary and inconsiderable, but for the sake of national interests which are momentous and eternal. But if it has indeed come, we know not how Congress can decline to meet it openly and firmly, relying upon the certain support of the great majority of the American people, in a steadfast adherence to the course marked out alike by self-respect and by the demands of public safety.

The vote in the Senate upon passing the Freedmen's Bureau Bill over the President's veto was 30 yeas to 18 nays, absent two,—not a two-thirds vote. The negative vote was thrown by ten democrats and the following who have heretofore been classed as Union men—Dixon of Connecticut, Norton of Minnesota, Stewart of Nevada, Morgan of New York, Cowan of Pennsylvania, Van Winkle and Willey of West Virginia, and Doolittle of Wisconsin. The absentees were Messrs. Foote of Vt., (Union) and Wright of N. J., (Dem.) Mr. Willey said he did not endorse the sentiments of the message—but voted against the bill because he deemed it unconstitutional to expend money for the Freedmen!

Correspondence of the Whig and Courier.

A Day with the Freedmen.

Poplar Springs, Feb. 8.

Quite early this morning, before I had arisen from the breakfast table, there were several knocks at my door, by people of whom it was almost literally true that they had "Nothing to wear."

Good human creatures, too, made of the same kind of clay as you, Miss Flora McFlimsey, with the same capacities for suffering and enjoyment, and, according to their conditions, just as anxious to make a good appearance in the world.

My little waiting maid, Lucy, but several of them off with information that "Miss Charlotte was at breakfast," but one, more importunate than the rest, pressed her claims so resolutely that Lucy was obliged to succumb. By this time, having finished my breakfast, I went to the door, and found an aged woman, who, I afterwards learned, rejoiced in the aristocratic name of Isabella Pegram. She was of low stature, her garments clean and tidy, though made up of patches in which white predominated, the blue cape of a military coat buttoned around her shoulders, with its bright, brass buttons, a close hood, made of some dark material, drawn tightly down over her withered features, and a heavy walking stick in her hand.

"Good morning, Aunt."

"Only tol'able, thank you, missus, how is yourself?"

"Quite well, I thank you; what do you wish for?"

"I's a lady that's never been to see you before, and I wants, if you please, ma'am, to get some clo'es for myself, and my three little gran'children. They's motherless chillun, and has nobody to take care of 'em but me."

"How far have you walked this morning, Aunt?"

"Three miles, missus."

"Then you must be tired; come in and rest a little."

"'Deed, missus, I'se mighty tired, and painified in my limbs, too," and declining the proffered chair, she seats herself humbly on the hearth, in my chimney corner.

"How old are you, Aunty?"

"I don't know, missus, how old I is, but I knows I isn't young, 'cause I has so many old folks pains."

"You ought not to be out this cold morning, with your painified limbs."

"Pears like it's been mighty cold ever since Christmas, but we couldn't 'spect anything else, 'cause it was such pious weather all afore Christmas, and what can't be *holp* must be *enjured*."

I was now ready to go to the store room, whither I was followed by the retinue that had been waiting around the door, all wishing "to draw," and from whence I had scarcely dismissed Isabella, with a big bundle of such articles as I thought adapted to her wants, when a woman of Amazonian proportions pressed through the crowd.

"Here's I, missus. I'se the lady that spoke to you last night, and you promised me some things for myself and my two gran'chillun. I walked yesterday, from crack o'day till sun-down, ten miles, to come to you, 'cause I heard you had some things to give to we, all. This coat as I has on I borrowed from a neighbor, and my little gran'chillun is a 'most stark naked. I'se done men', an' men', an' men', an' men'.—I'se got to walk back to-day, so please m'am, discharge me as soon as you can. Here's my ticket." Saying which, she held out a bit of paper, on which was neatly written in a lady's hand, "Judy Green—sixty years old. Has been the mother of seventeen children. Has had her right arm broken."

Having "discharged" Judy, with a bundle as large as she was able to carry, and for which she was very grateful, assuring me that she would come and see me again when the walking gets better, I attend the others, and after due inquiry into the circumstances, make up a bundle for each of such articles as they seem most to require. Some receive the gifts as a matter of course, while others almost dance for joy at the sight of the warm garments, taxing their vocabulary to the utmost for words to express the gratitude to me, and the kind donors at the North, whom they "does love," and saying as they turn away with their faces all aglow, "I'll fetch you some more eggs, Miss Charlotte," or, "My husband says he'll kill you some more *ol' hares*," hares being plenty at this season.

Among the applicants are Rachel Harper, who has been the mother of eighteen children, six of whom are living with her, asking government rations this morning for the first time, as the leaden balls are "getting *scace*," and Mary Perham, a widow with eight children, for five of whom she draws rations, and "has to *scuffle* for the rest."

Ann Brown, whose noble determination not to "bother the Government" was spoken of in a previous letter, has come to ask for something in which to shroud her little girl, (the last of eight children) who died last night. In reply to my few words of condolence she says, quietly, "She said just before she died, 'I'm going home to rest. Don't cry when I'm gone, Mammy.'"

One woman wants a "*dost* of castor oil," for her sick child, and as I take down the bottle from the shelf she presents a small glass inkstand, with a little side spout.

"This is a very inconvenient vessel to take it in; why didn't you bring a cup?"

"Hadn't any."

"What have you besides this?"

"Only a small chance of old tin cans, and a spoon."

After the crowd has subsided a little, a nice looking quadroon boy comes to ask for shoes. I allow him to come in and try some second hand boots, and he fits himself to a pair which make his handsome eyes shine. In the meantime he tells his story: Was "raised in North Carolina." Was in the rebel army during the first two years of the war, waiting on his master; then was taken into the Union army, and waited on federal officers. Now is working with his uncle near here.

"What is your name?"

"John Richards my Sunday name; my every day name, John Atis."

Thus passed the morning, and I had just returned to my log cabin, when an Irish woman, whom I had known in Petersburg last summer, came in. I was familiar with her story. Her husband was an industrious, hard working man, and having his wife and five little children to support, had avoided going into the rebel army. To do this, he had sometimes been obliged to absent himself from his family, and remain in concealment for a month at a time.

One evening last winter, his wife being out of the house, and he having just been up stairs to put his little ones in bed, three rebel soldiers came into the yard and called him outside. The moment he appeared they all three discharged their muskets at him, and he fell. He had life enough left to crawl into the house. "When I came home," she said, "I found him lying dead across the hearth, and Christmas day I buried him." The shock broke her heart; but she must still struggle to get bread for her children! "Och, Mavourneen," she said, as she sat down, wiping away the tears, "an' it's hardships has driven me out to ye! I nivir tho't I could be so poor, or see such hard times as I have seen since ye went away. They stole me mule that was earning me three dollars a day, then they stole me pigs, and me hens, and then I laid down sick and I thought sure I was about to die. If it hadn't been for the money ye gave me when ye went away, we'd all a' perished. Sure that was the dearest ten dollars I ever had in me life, may the Lord Almighty bless ye."

"I am very glad the money was useful to you, but your gratitude is due to friends at the North, who pitied your condition and sent the money for your relief."

"Sure the people of the North is kind, I wish I was at the North. Here, they all look strange upon me—I've been in the country now five years, and I know nobody."

I gave her a bundle of such articles as I had at hand for her children, and she left for her return walk of four miles, encouraged by the promise of help hereafter.

Late in the afternoon Sylvia Oliver comes in to ask me to write a letter to her "old master," from whom she has been absent only a few weeks. So I open my desk and sit down to write while she dictates. "Tell him it took all the money I had to come to Petersburg, and so I could not go any farther, and since I came here I have heard my mother is dead. Tell him I would not have left him only I was so anxious to see my mother. Tell him if he will send me money to come back with, I will try to be a faithful servant. I will try to make it up to him. Tell him I had rather live with him and Miss Ann than any one else."

As this is the first instance that has come within my observation, where a slave wished to return to the old master, I think it worth recording.

Sylvia is intelligent, quiet and womanly in manner, loveable and grateful in disposition. The desire to return is creditable both to herself and her master, to whom she is sincerely attached, and whom she regrets ever having left.

C. E. M.

Reported for the Whig.

Legislature of Maine.

Tuesday, Feb. 20.

HOUSE.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Foster, of Bangor, called up the bill to establish the salary of the Judge of Probate of Penobscot county.

Mr. Brown of Hampden, opposed the bill, contending that the salary is now sufficient, and moved that the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Messrs. Foster and Garnsey favored the bill.

The motion to postpone indefinitely was lost, and the bill was passed to be engrossed.

Mr. Foster of Bangor called up bill (House No. 60) to amend chapter 18 of the Revised Statutes, relating to ways, and moved its indefinite postponement.

On motion of Mr. Miller the bill was laid on the table.

Mr. Goodwin, of Wells, called up bill (House No. 46) increasing the fee of jurors, deputy sheriffs, witnesses, and county commissioners. Amendment "A," adding to the title the words 'selectmen and assessors,' was adopted. Amendment "B," was adopted. Amendment "C," fixing the pay of selectmen and assessors at $1.50 per diem, instead of the sum now fixed by law, was considered.

Mr Miller proposed an amendment to the amendment, which was adopted, and the amendment was then adopted.

Mr Brown proposed a further amendment which was adopted, and the bill passed to be engrossed.

Mr Woodman of Bucksport, called up bill (House No. 60) to amend chapter 18 of the Revised Statutes relating to ways. The question being on the indefinite postponement of the bill.

After debate the motion to postpone indefinitely prevailed, ayes 64, nays not counted.

Mr Woodman of Bucksport called up bill (House No. 63) to regulate the liability of towns for damages caused by defective ways, and moved its indefinite postponement.

Mr. Payson of Westbrook proposed an amendment which was adopted, 52 ayes, nays not counted.

The question returned on the indefinite postponement of the bill. Lost, 28 ayes, 65 nays. The bill was then read the third time and passed to be engrossed.

Wednesday, Feb. 21.

SENATE.

An act to amend chapter 102 of public laws of 1859, in relation to the competency of witnesses, was twice read under a suspension of the rule, on motion of Mr. Barker, and passed to be engrossed.

An act to enable parties to contract to agree upon the interest to be paid for the use of money, was twice read, and the question was upon concurring with the House in refusing the bill a passage, on motion of Mr. Manson the bill was laid upon the table.

An act relating to public highways in the cities of this State was twice read under suspension of the rule, and was laid upon the table on motion of Mr Manson.

An act to repeal section 3 of chapter 247 of the private acts of 1863, relating to tolls on the Princeton and Milford Turnpike, was twice read and passed to be engrossed.

The bill an act to incorporate the International Telegraph Company, was amended in concurrence with the House, and passed to be engrossed.

Mr Peirce called up the bill to increase the fees of jurors, sheriffs, witnesses, and county commissioners, and moved to amend by providing that commissioners of Cumberland county should be excepted, and the bill was so amended and passed to be engrossed.

Mr Abbott, under suspension of rules, introduced bill an act to amend the act to incorporate the Maine Telegraph Company, passed in 1848.

Mr Perkins moved to refer this bill to the next Legislature. He thought it required due notice to be given, and that coming in so late in the session it should be acted on with great caution.

Mr Abbott explained that the bill only gave the same powers to the Maine Telegraph Company that were to be given to the new company.

Mr. Perkins stated that his objections were not removed.

The Senate refused to refer to the next Legislature.

Mr. Perkins moved that the bill be laid upon the table and the motion prevailed.

Passed to be engrossed—Resolve in relation to the Penobscot tribe of Indians; to amend chapter 12 of the Revised Statutes relating to religious societies.

[We have not received the House proceedings of Wednesday.]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

St. Andrews' Lodge.

FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 23.

There will be a Stated meeting of St. Andrews' Lodge No. 83 F. & A. M., at Masonic Hall, FRIDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Brethren are invited.

REMOVAL.

H. M. PLAISTED,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW,

Has removed to the office lately occupied by the COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE in

THE GRANITE BLOCK.

Where he will be pleased to assist clients *into* the Law or *out* of it, according to their desires—"Stairs to climb." feb22 entf

Levee for the Freedmen!

The Ladies of Bangor will hold a LEVEE for the benefit of the Freedmen, at NOROMBEGA HALL, on

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB'Y 22d.

Supper will be served during the evening.

Among other attractions a valuable BOOK will be given to the Clergyman of this city, who shall receive the largest number of votes.

A Candy Table will be furnished for the pleasure of the "Little Folks." The Hall will be so arranged that families, or parties of friends, can be served at private tables.

Admission fee ten cents for children; twenty cents for adults.

Doors open at five P. M.

Ladies will be at the Hall Wednesday and Thursday, to receive contributions for the tables. feb 17 (Times copy.)

City of Bangor.

The regular Meeting of the Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims will be holden at the Aldermen's Room, City Hall, on FRIDAY before the first Monday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M. March 31, 1865. S. D. THURSTON, Chairman.

Doct. MORISON

Has REMOVED to Patten Castle, tenement formerly occupied by Moses Patten, Esq.

Office on Hammond Street, opposite the Court house.

ARMY ITCH!

Dr. Duponci's Lotion.

POSITIVELY

An Infallible Cure for Itch!

in any form. Manufactured by B. F. BRADBURY, Sole Proprietor. jan30 6mm No. 8 Smith's Block.

WARREN'S COUGH BALSAM

has been found by experience to be the BEST REMEDY For the various diseases of the Lungs and Throat such as DIPHTHERIA, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, CROUP INFLUENZA, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, OR INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS, AND WHOOPING COUGH.

In these complaints this medicine has NO SUPERIOR, and while thus efficacious it is perfectly safe to administer to persons of all ages.

The Cough Balsam possesses the two-fold advantage of being at once valuable as a curative and invaluable as a preventive of all the diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Bronchia.

The world is challenged to produce a compound of equal efficacy and safety.

, Prepared and sold by AMBROSE WARREN, Botanic Druggist, No. 1 Granite Block, East Market Square, Bangor, Me. dec 16 an 16w D&W

M. T. COLKINS

HAS MARKED DOWN HIS ENTIRE

CLOAK STOCK,

AND WILL SELL

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY,

Thirty Dollar Cloaks for Twenty Dollars,

20	"	do	15	"
15	"	do	10	"
10	"	do	6	"

Sale Commencing Jan'y 9th.

LADIES, IMPROVE THIS OPPORTUNITY.

You can have a Garment

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

jan 8—sn

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

Will attend to the purchase, sale and shipment of

All Kinds of Produce,

And solicit Consignments of Vessels.

—REFER TO—

George Stetson, Esq., President First National Bank, Bangor.

Messrs. Fogg & Bridges, Bangor.

J. H. Beall, Pres'nt 2d National Bank, Boston.

Messrs. Charles Smith & Co., Boston.

dec1—sn 6m

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WEST!

$6,00 Less than at any other Office,

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Also, Tickets by all principal Routes through BOSTON OR NEW YORK, FROM BANGOR, TO THE WEST, NORTH, and SOUTH WEST.

For reliable information or tickets, call at the OLD ESTABLISHED TICKET OFFICE, 22 West Market Square, or the Maine Central Depot, and all principal Ticket Offices in Maine.

Wm. Flowers,

EASTERN AGENT.

jan 18, 1866

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

Ask for *Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer*, and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. aug25 6m&w

Musical Notice.

The undersigned desires to inform the Musical Public of Bangor and vicinity, and those wishing to study the Piano Forte, that Miss Georgia Pearson has been studying the Literature and Theory of Music, under the "Celebrated Cleve System" for the last two months, and he recommends her as competent to teach it, as far as she has gone, with great advantage to her pupils.

JOSEPH BORRA.

Bangor, Aug. 28, 1865. 6m

Colgate's Aromatic Vegetable Soap.

A superior *Toilet Soap*, prepared from refined *Vegetable Oils* in combination with *Glycerine*, and especially designed for the use of *Ladies* and for the *Nursery*. Its perfume is exquisite, and its washing properties unrivalled. For sale by all druggists. feb 17—sn d&wly

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VIA

BOSTON OR NEW YORK,

Over all the First Class Roads, at the *LOWEST PRICES*, for sale by

P. M. Blake, Agent,

t jan 1, '67—d&w No. 9, Central St., Bangor.

Dr. Sanger,

Having returned to Bangor will resume the practice of

Medicine and Surgery.

Residence—Penobscot Exchange. *Office*—No 90 Main street, nearly opposite W. L. Alden & Co. oct12

Alfred H. Bissell,

TEACHER OF THE

PIANO FORTE, MELODEON AND ORGAN,

Music Room over the store of Mr. Chas. Hale MAIN ST. dec23—sn3m*

THOMAS J. STEWART,

Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,

June6, '63 Office, No. 1 Mercantile Square.

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct 26—sn d&wly.

Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co.

Change of Agency.

I have been appointed Agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co. of Newark, N. J.

Premiums for renewal of Policies will be paid to me.

I would invite all who desire to effect Insurance on their Lives to make application to me for a Policy in this Company. I am satisfied that this Company offers advantages to those insured equal, *at least*, to any Life Insurance Company in the country.

J. B. Foster;

March 15 tf Office at the M. M. M. Ins. Co's.

Great Reduction of Fares!

TO THE

Oil Regions of Canada!

$25 00 to London and Return,

From Portland, Yarmouth, and Danville Junctions, or

$35 00 From Bangor to London AND RETURN.

London is the Terminus of a branch of the GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

It is a city of 16,000 inhabitants; has good Hotels is 41 miles East from Bothwell; the fare from London to Bothwell is about $1.25.

TICKETS can be procured only at the Maine Central and E. & N. A. Rail Road Depots, and at the Company's Office

NO. 22 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

WM. FLOWERS,

EASTERN AGENT.

Jan'y 24 1866.—sn 4w

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT

Requires immediate attention and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

Brown's Bronchial Troches

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

Will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cts. per box. nov2 6md&w

CLOCK'S

Excelsior Hair Restorer.

CLOCK'S EXCELSIOR HAIR RESTORER

Is warranted to

Restore Hair if ever so Grey,

Restore Hair if ever so Grey,

To its

Color of Earlier Days,

Color of Earlier Days.

Keeps the

Hair from Falling Off,

Hair from Falling Off.

Will surely

Cure all Humors of the Scalp,

Cure all Humors of the Scalp.

And makes the

Hair grow on Bald Heads,

Hair grow on Bald Heads

WHEN FALLING OFF FROM DISEASE.

It is splendidly perfumed, and every thing for a Dressing that can be desired. It is the only known restorer of color, and perfect hair-dressing combined. Requires no washing or preparation before using. If after a fair trial, this does not prove the best Hair Restorative before the public, the money will be refunded.

Sold by all druggists at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Dr. Frank B. Clock, Proprietor, Manchester, N. H.

B. F. BRADBURY, Wholesale and Retail Agent, Bangor. 3tawd&w6m

MUSICAL.

Mr. JOHN HOYT,

Teacher of Piano, Harmony, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Orders left at Horton & Crommett's Music Store, or at the Bangor House. Pupils in either of the above branches may be assured that they will be taught the latest and most approved method.

References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Prof. B. F. Baker, J. W. Adams, Boston, Mass. nov3 tf

MARRIED.

In Hampden, Me. Feb. 18th, by Rev. S. C. Elliot, Mr. Benjamin P. Knowles, to Miss Mary E. Cobb; both of Hampden.

In Cavalla, West Africa, December 12th, 1865, by Bishop Payne, Rev. H. Hartley, to Miss Emily, eldest daughter of the late Rufus W. Griswold, of New York.

DIED.

In this city, Feb. 21st, Emma S. Smith, daughter of Gardner and Rachel Smith, aged 20 years and 2 months.

[Funeral, Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at their residence, 46 Court Street. Friends are invited to attend.]

At Upper Stillwater, Feb. 20th, Robert P., only son of Robert and Rebecca A. Ellis, aged 2 years, 3 months and 10 days.

This beloved and only child was peacefully released from a lingering disease of many months duration. During his sickness when he became weary he would make known his desire to be laid on his bed by saying to his mother, in his plaintive tones, "up there;" and now his sufferings all over, his life's work so early done but never to be effaced, he rests at last and sweetly sleeps up there. [Comm.

ATLANTIC AND YOUNG FOLKS, for March, feb 22 rec'd by E. F. DUREN.

ATLANTIC, OUR YOUNG FOLKS, and ARTHUR, for March received by feb 22 (Times) CHAS. HIGHT.

March.

ATLANTIC AND YOUNG FOLKS, received by feb 22 D. BUGBEE & CO.

New Books in Bartlett's Library,

THE WAR OF THE REBELLION, by Henry S. Foote. Edith Vernon's Life Work. The Criterion, by Tuckerman. Coupon Bonds, by Trowbridge. Mildred's Wedding—a Novel. A Noble Life, by the author of John Halifax. feb 22 J. W. BARTLETT.

MARCH.

ATLANTIC, Young Folks, Lady's Friend, Beadle's Monthly, Leslie's New Magazine, and Ballou, fee 22 rec'd by J. W. BARTLETT.

NOW OPENING

AT THE

OLD ESTABLISHMENT,

SMOKED SALMON, and SMOKED HALIBUT,

AND ALL OTHER KINDS OF FISH,

CAPT. T. BICKFORD.

feb 22—1w*

Lumbermen's Anchors

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Anchors, suitable for Lake purposes, for sale by feb22 1m SAMUEL H. DALE.

FIGHTING JOE: Winning his Way, by Carleton. Robert Dalby; Little Foxes, by H. B. Stowe. Glimpses of History; Prince of Kashna; Remy St. Remy; and other New Books, just received and for sale by feb 5 CHAS. HIGHT.

Kentucky Beef,

SOUSED PIGS FEET, BANGOR LARD, BOLOGNA SAUSAGES, TURKEYS, TRIPE, &c. For sale at

Hill's Market,

feb 22 Taylor's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge.

New England Screw Steamship Co

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships DIRIGO, Capt. H. SHERWOOD, and FRANCONIA, Capt. W. W. SHERWOOD, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room, $6. Cabin passage $5. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to EMERY & FOX, Brown's Wharf, Portland

H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West Street, New York.

Portland, Feb. 22, 1866

City of Bangor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the City Council, on the fifth day of February inst., established the widening of Summer, May and Union Streets, as prayed for in the petition of Wiggins Hill, et. als., and assigned the first Monday of March next, at 7 o'clock P. M., and the Aldermen's Room in said city, as the time and place for the consideration of the subject of assessments to be made on the lots or parcels of land adjacent to, and bounded on the streets widened as aforesaid. And all persons interested therein are hereby notified to appear at said time and place, if they see cause, then and there to be heard on the subject.

GEO. W. SNOW, City Clerk.

Bangor, Feb. 2, 1866.

City of Bangor.

NOTICE TO VOTERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a copy of the lists of voters in the several Wards of the city, are posted up in the avenue of the City Hall for the inspection of all persons interested.

February 21, 1866. GEO. W. SNOW, City Clerk. 2wd

LUMBERMEN'S

Driving Boots,

CALF and KIP. Also, SHOES FOR DRIVING, all of my own manufacture.

The Best in the Market,

BY THE CASE OR AT RETAIL.

THOMAS HERSEY.

feb 21

Porte Monnaie Lost!

A BLACK PORTE MONNAIE containing a Government Bond for $100, a $50 greenback, and a small sum besides, was lost on Main street yesterday afternoon. The finder will be liberally rewarded upon leaving the same at this office. feb 20 3t

Something New!

OTTINE, for the cure of DEAFNESS, feb 20 at BRADBURY'S.

Clock's Hair Restorer!

IT is hardly a question now which is the BEST Restorer. Clock's takes the lead.

B. F. BRADBURY, feb 20 Wholesale and Retail Agent.

Servants Wanted.

TWO IRISH GIRLS at 21 Summer Street. Good washer-women required. feb 20

NOTICE.

REED'S POND DAM COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the REED'S POND DAM COMPANY will be holden at the office of Nathan Hopkins, Esq., No. 5 Granite Block in Bangor, on TUESDAY the sixth day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of choosing officers for the ensuing year, and, to transact any other business legally coming before said meeting.

B. B. FARNSWORTH, Clerk. Reed's Pond Dam Co.

Bangor, Feb. 20th, 1866.—d7t

Maine Central Rail Road.

Stockholders' Meeting at Waterville Feb. 28.

STOCKHOLDERS residing between Waterville and Bangor, and in Bangor, can take the regular morning passenger train from Bangor, and will arrive in Waterville in season to attend the meeting and return in the regular afternoon train, which leaves Waterville at 5.20 P. M.

Stockholders will be passed free to and from the meeting, on exhibiting to the Conductor of the train their certificate of Stock.

By order of the Directors.

EDWIN NOYES, Supt.

February 17th, 1866. feb 20 tmdhl

Wanted,

A SITUATION as Book-Keeper or Clerk, by a young man thoroughly acquainted with the Wholesale and Retail Grocery business in this city and Portland, and has a thorough practical knowledge of Book-Keeping by single and double entry. Best of reference furnished as to character and ability. Will loan employer a few hundred dollars.

feb 20—1w* Address BOX 630 Bangor P. O.

Rogers, Snelling & Co.

HARDWARE,

AND CORDAGE.

John P. Rogers, Wm. C. Rogers, Nath'l P. Snelling, E. L. Baker, Z. Long, Jr.

99 & 101 Broad Street, BOSTON.

45 Cliff Street, NEW YORK.

feb 7

5000 Agents Wanted!

Fifty Cent Sample Sent Free,

WITH TERMS FOR ANY ONE TO CLEAR $25 daily in three hours. Business new, light and desirable. Can be done at home or travelling, by MALE or FEMALE. Address

W. H. CHIDESTER & CO., No. 75 Nassau St., New York.

feb 17—1w

Dressed Hogs.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A VERY CHOICE LOT.

BENJ, BALL & CO.

February 16th.—1w

ROUND HOGS!

Received and for Sale Low,

—BY—

R. DAVIS & CO.,

feb 15—1w 74 *EXCHANGE STREET.*

Watches Repaired,

CLOCKS REPAIRED, JEWELRY REPAIRED, UMBRELLAS REPAIRED, CANES REPAIRED, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED, PIPES REPAIRED, FANS REPAIRED, VIOLIN BOWS, NEW HAIRED,

At WHITE'S,

feb 13 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

FRESH HALIBUT!

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON, feb 17—1w* At *BICKFORD'S MARKET.*

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm name of SILSBEE & BARKER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

N. D. SILSBEE, G. G. BARKER.

Boston, February 7th, 1866.

G. G. Barker will continue the Burnettising business at Bangor and South Boston. feb 16—1w*

Tea, Tobacco, Cheese, Fish, Shot, &c.,

—AT—

AUCTION

ON FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, AT 10 1/2 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

No. 44 West Market Square

I shall sell, at auction

A large assortment of choice [illegible] Caddies Tobacco, Boxes Candles, Cases [illegible] Boxes Spices, Layer and MR Raisins, Castile Soap, Lye, Cocoa, Corn Starch, [illegible]

—ALSO—

1600 lbs. Pollock Fish, [illegible] Bags Hommony, 20 Bags [illegible]

E. B. Patten, Auct'r.

feb21

FOR

GREAT BARGAINS!

—IN—

Drugs, Medicines,

FANCY GOODS,

PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES, &c.

—CALL ON—

N. S. HARLOW, Druggist,

No. 4, SMITH'S BLOCK.

MY STOCK IS VERY LARGE, nearly every article called for [illegible] I am selling at prices below *ALL COMPETITORS* to cash buyers.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

I Keep the best assortment

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS,

Shoulder Braces and Crutches, [illegible] warrant satisfaction to all [illegible]

My assortment of

Fine Perfumes, Hair Preparations,

Washes, Pomades, [illegible]

Hair Brushes, Combs, Fine [illegible] and Tooth Brushes, [illegible]

PATENT MEDICINES

I am selling in large [illegible]

NURSERY POWDERS.

Puff Boxes, Sheet Rubber, [illegible] Feeding Tubes, Nursing Bottles, [illegible] Breast Pumps, [illegible]

Fine Wines and Cordials,

For medicinal purposes [illegible] from Importers.

PEARL BARLEY, TAPIOCA, SAGO,

Farina, Oatmeal, [illegible] Barley and Groats, Cox's Gelatine, [illegible] Flavoring Extracts, [illegible] Hop Yeast, [illegible] Rose Water, [illegible]

SPICES GROUND AND WHOLE.

Brushes of all Kinds.

Floor, Hearth, Stair, [illegible] Store, Shoe, Horse, [illegible] ness, Cloth, Hat, Ladies', [illegible] Silver Plate, &c.

Carriage, Fine, and Bathing Sponges

Castile Soap, Neatsfoot [illegible] Wash Leathers, Curry Combs, [illegible] and Horse Cards.

LIQUID & PASTE SHOE BLACKINGS

DIXON'S STOVE POLISH

Howe & Stevens' Family Dyes,

DYE STUFFS OF ALL KINDS

Buffalo Glue and Bonnet Glue, [illegible] king and Chewing [illegible] for washing Sheep and [illegible]

And other [illegible]

N. S. HARLOW,

No. 4 Smith Block.

February 2—2w

Cheap! Cheap!

Do Not Lose the Present Opportunity.

Before Goods are Higher!!

WE ARE NOW OPENING SOME VERY

Choice Styles of DeLaines,

GINGHAMS & PRINTS.

Also, a full line of Bleached and [illegible]

COTTON and LINEN GOODS,

WHITE GOODS, &c.

—ALSO—

HOOP SKIRTS,

CORSETS,

BALMORAL SKIRTS, [illegible]

with sundry other Goods.

All at Low Prices.

4-4 COTTONS at [illegible]

RIBBED COTTON HOSE [illegible]

BEST PRINTS at [illegible]

BEST DELAINES at [illegible]

CRASHES at [illegible]

LINEN HDKF'S at [illegible]

HOOP SKIRTS $1.25 CORSETS [illegible]

BLANKETS - - - from $[illegible]

WHITE KNITTING COTTON,

BATTING, WICKING, COTTON WARP &c.

ALL AT LOW PRICES!

S. B. Stone Jr., & Co.

February 19

SALOON FOR SALE!

THE SUBSCRIBER being about to change his business, will sell at a LOW PRICE the Stock and Fixtures of a Saloon,

In a good location in Portland. Persons with a small capital will find this a rare chance to get into business. Rent low. Address

J. H. EVERETT, City Hotel, Portland.

Portland, Feb. 19, 1866. 1w*

Potash! Potash!

I HAVE an article I can *warrant* to be good. feb 20 B. F. BRADBURY.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

Union Caucus in the Maine Legislature.

Resolutions Passed Endorsing the Course of Our Senators in Congress.

North Carolina Legislature Passes the Negro Testimony Bill.

Matters at the Capital.

The Texas State Convention.

Encouraging Accounts from the Russian American Telegraph Company.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 21.

At a caucus of the Union members of the Legislature this evening, the following resolution, offered by the Hon. Lewis Barker of the Senate, was adopted—

Resolved, That this Legislature cordially approves and endorses the action of the Senators of this State in voting to pass the Freedmen's bureau bill, notwithstanding the President's veto, as being in accordance with the sentiments of their constituents, and the principles upon the support of which alone the government can be sustained.

Mr. Stevens of the House submitted the following resolution, which was adopted—

Resolved, That in the Union members of Congress this Legislature recognizes a noble array of tried defenders of the principles of constitutional liberty, and reposes with confidence in their wisdom and patriotism for the settlement of questions appropriately pertaining to the legislative department of the government.

The caucus voted that these resolutions be submitted by their authors to the Legislature to-morrow, and that no other resolution was to be introduced.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 21.

The House of Commons has passed to a second reading the bill relating to Indians and negroes, with amendments.

The 11th section of the bill, providing that negroes shall testify in all cases where they are concerned, in person or property, was amended as follows:

That this section shall not go into effect until the jurisdiction of matters relating to the Freedmen's Bureau shall be fully committed to the courts of this State."

Thus modified the bill passed, 63 to 40.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

Representative Julian, chairman of the House committee on public lands, to-day reported from that committee a very important bill, providing for the sale by auction of the gold and silver lands of the United States. None but citizens of the United States, or those who have declared their intention to become such, shall be allowed to purchase, and all lands remaining unsold after the public sales shall be open to private entry. Among the provisions of the bill is one that the discoverer or worker of any mine shall have the right to purchase it at the minimum price fixed upon it—the price to be fixed by the register, receiver, and geologist. One of the latter is to be appointed for each land district. No person shall purchase more than 20 acres, nor enter a second tract without selling the first at public sale to the highest bidder in cash. The proceeds of the sale of the lands shall be applied to payment of the principal and interest of the bonds of the United States.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

The Governor of Vermont, President of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, with several members of the executive department, has been in this city for the past week, for the purpose of conference with prominent gentlemen here in reference to measures which will secure an immediate commencement on that line.

Agent Webb, accompanied by ten of the leading chiefs and headmen of the Bois and Chaffeos, had a short interview with the Indian Commissioner to-day. It is probable that a treaty will be entered into with them in a few days.

A letter has been received at the Treasury Department, enclosing $120 in greenbacks from a late officer in the army, who, while in the service, received pay for two servants which the rank he held clearly and legally entitled him to, but to which the party considered that he had no just claim or demand. The amount returned was pay received for the commuted hire of one servant with interest added at 7 3-10 per cent.

The number of callers at the Executive Mansion to-day was quite large, including many ladies. A few members of Congress were present—among them Senators Cowan, Dixon and Doolittle.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

During December, the total number of rations issued in the Southern States were to 373 refugees, 65,966; and to 39,687 freedmen, 424,768.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

This morning an alleged defaulter from Jacksonville, Ill., named Edward L. Dawson, was arrested on the California steamer New York. The prisoner was supervisor and collector in Jacksonville, and it is alleged decamped with $7000 of the public moneies. About $4000 were found in his possession. He was held to await a requisition from Illinois.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 21.

The Fenian Congress has assembled. Roberts resigning his position, recommending Gen Sweeny as his successor.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

Fifteen thousand tons of Pittston coal was sold at auction this afternoon. The prices obtained were—Chestnut, 6,62; stove, 7,75; egg, 6,87; grate, 7,62; steamboat, 7,87.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

The Commercial's Washington despatch says—

Rumors of Cabinet changes prevail, and appear well founded.

Assistant Secretary Chandler's account of his investigation of official corruptions in the South will startle the country. These frauds are comprehensive and involve military and civil officials. The frauds during the year amount to more than one hundred million dollars. A special committee of investigation will be appointed.

AUSTIN, Texas, Feb. 21.

The Texas State Convention is still engaged in marking out business, but doing very little.

A proposition was offered to divide Texas into three States, for the purpose of effecting a balance of power in the Union.

The Committee on Elections have reported in favor of those delegates who have not been pardoned.

A majority of the Committee on the subject of changing the State constitution reported favorable, while the minority reported that they were in favor of changing the constitution only so far as it would tend to re-establish the relations of the State with the General Government.

The majority report was laid on the table by a vote of 57 to 28.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

Valparaiso papers of Jan 16th state that the rumored mediation of France and England in the Spanish-Chilian war was not regarded with much favor.

Uruguay refuses to allow Chilian privateers to bring Spanish prizes into its ports.

Uruguay has withdrawn the exequator of the Chilian Minister.

A portion of the Spanish squadron had been repulsed at Caldvila.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.

The anniversary of Washington's birthday, being a legal holiday in Massachusetts, will be very generally observed to-morrow. The public schools, courts, custom house, and many places of business will be closed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

The Post's special Washington despatch says—

The Senate committee on the District of Columbia has decided to report to the House a suffrage bill, and ask its immediate passage by the Senate.

The chairman of the House committee on freedmen, Mr Eliot, is preparing a new bill providing for a freedmen's bureau.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 21.

At the afternoon session of the Fenian Congress the report of Gen Sweeny, Secretary of War, was made the special order for to-morrow morning.

All the delegates present pledged themselves to sustain the constitution adopted at Philadelphia.

Senators Dorcine of Ill, and Corry of N Y handed in their resignations, which were accepted and a committee was appointed to report names to fill the vacancies.

Senators Scanlan and Barnard also tendered their resignations, which were laid on the table.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

The Steamship Australasian sailed at noon to-day for Liverpool. She takes no specie.

The Express states that Gen'l Butler has paid to Smith Bros. of New Orleans, the $80,000 in gold, which they alleged he abstracted from their vaults, together with the Interest, all the costs and sheriffs' poundage, making an amount of $160,000.

The Post says that a despatch from a member of Congress announces that Secretary Seward will speak at the Cooper Institute meeting to-morrow evening.

The St. James Hotel was sold to-day for $290,000.

Private advices from San Francisco state that the Western Union Telegraph has been extended under the supervision of Colonel Buckley, over 400 miles above New Westminster, on Frazier River.

Reports from Colonel Buckley's exploring parties show that the obstacles to be overcome are of far less magnitude than was predicted by some, and it is believed the connection between Russia and America will be completed before a year passes.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 21.

The Senate has adopted a resolution expressing full faith in the ability, patriotism and fidelity of President Johnson.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 21.

James Johnson has been convicted of the murder of his wife, but is recommended to mercy.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 21.

The bill amending the usury laws was again rejected in the House to-day.

The Senate has passed the Valley Railroad bill with a provision that the road shall not connect with the Virginia & Tennessee Railroad until the Covington Railroad is completed.

The Senate has passed the House bill authorizing the construction of a railroad to Lynchburg and Danville.

These schemes were protested against by Gov. Pierpont in a lengthy message to the Legislature ten days ago.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

Second Board. Stocks strong—American Gold 1,37½.

U. S. Coupon Sixes of 1881 104.

U. S. 1 year certificates, 98½.

Treasury 7 3-10, 99½.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

Cotton firm—sales 1900 bales—Middling 45@46.

Flour—five to ten cents lower—sales 9,400 barrels—State 6,65 @ 8,00; round hoop Ohio 8,15@10,75; Western, 5,60@8,05 Southern heavy—sales 200 barrels at 8,00 @ 15,50. Canada—sales 300 barrels at 7,60@ 11,60.

Wheat is dull—sales 8,000 bushels—Chicago Spring, common, 1,60; Milwaukee Club 1,60 @ 1,64; amber Milwaukee choice, dew, 1,56@1,70; amber State, new, 2,40.

Corn steady—sales 32,000 bush—mixed western 75@78.

Oats quiet—Canada 54@55.

Beef steady.

Pork lower—sales 6,400 bbls.—new mess at 28,12 @ 28,56.

Lard is heavy—sales 570 bbls. at 16@ 18½ per pound.

Sugars quiet—sales Muscovado, 12½; Havana 11c.

Petroleum dull.

Naval stores dull.

Freights to Liverpool firm.

Thirty-Ninth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

Senate.

The joint resolution to furnish vessels to the telegraph expedition under Col. Buckley to Russia was passed.

Mr. Fessenden moved that the regular order, which was the constitutional amendment in relation to representation, be postponed, and that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the concurrent resolution of the House, provide that until Congress so decide, no Senators or Representatives from the lately rebellious States be admitted to the halls Congress.

This gave rise to some discussion which ended in the concurrent resolution being read the first time.

The second reading was objected to by Dixon.

The constitutional amendment was then taken up.

Mr. Buckalow opposed it.

Mr. Wilson offered a resolution recognizing the valor and endurance of the officers, soldiers and seamen of the United States.

Referred.

Mr. Lane, of Kansas, gave notice that he would introduce a bill on Friday to continue in force existing freedmen's bureau.

Mr. Buckalow animadverted upon New England as possessing too great a voice in the South. He favored an amendment to the Constitution readjusting Senatorial representation, States having less than one million inhabitants to have one Senator, States with more than one million and less than three millions inhabitants, two Senators, and States with more than three millions inhabitants, three Senators.

Mr. Wilson replied briefly to Mr. Buckalow's strictures upon New England's prominence in the Senate.

Mr. Nye took the floor upon the pending question, but gave way to a motion to go into executive session.

Adjourned until Friday.

House

A motion to reconsider the vote by which the resolution was passed yesterday, that no Senator or Representative shall be admitted to Congress until Congress declares such States entitled to representation, was lost by a vote of 108 to 37.

The election case was postponed.

The loan bill was then taken up.

Mr. Morrill spoke in favor of the bill.

Mr. Stevens opposed the bill and offered an amendment striking out the discretionary powers of the Secretary power of the Secretary of the Treasury, and also the foreign loan clause. He intended, he said, to offer a bill in this form as a substitute for the original bill.

Mr. Hooper argued against any reduction of the currency, and said that when the Treasury resumed specie payment, which it could do without regard to the banks, the United States could be continued in circulation as the equivalent of coin, until there was sufficient amount of coin in the country to supply their places.

Mr. Kelly argued against the redemption of non-interest bearing notes, or any contraction of the currency.

The further consideration of the loan bill was postponed until Wednesday.

Adjourned until Friday.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Reported for the Whig.

Supreme Judicial Court—Criminal Term.

Hon. JONAS CUTTING, J. presiding.
CHAS. P. STETSON, Esq., County Attorney.

Wednesday, Feb. 21.

State vs. Stephen Kimball. Verdict, not guilty of adultery, but guilty of fornication. Sentence—60 days in county jail and fine of $100. Committed.

State vs. Frank Weddington. Larceny of horse belonging to H. F. Wallace, Oldtown. Deft pleads guilty.

Stetson, Co. Att'y. Kimball.

State vs. George W. Allen. Larceny from S. B. Fifield, Bangor. Deft pleads guilty. Fine $300—paid.

State vs. George H. Leighton. Larceny of overcoat of W. T. Thompson at Hatch House. Deft testified that he did not intend to steal the coat, but that he took it by permission of a companion, who said it belonged to him; but this dodge would hardly go down with the jury, who returned a verdict of guilty.

State vs. Samuel Langley. Larceny of an overcoat from bar-room of the Oldtown Exchange. Defence, that his overcoat hung up beside it and he took the wrong coat by mistake; also that Deft was so drunk that he didn't know whether he took the coat or not; and the party prosecuting sold him the rum. Verdict, not guilty.

Stetson, Co. Att'y. Kimball.

—The Ladies' Levee in aid of the Freedmen comes off this evening at Norombega Hall, and we hope it will be fully attended. The object is one which commends itself to every heart that loves justice and believes in freedom and humanity. There will be many fine attractions for both young and old, and a very pleasant time is anticipated. Admittance only twenty cents—children half price.

The ladies who have had this levee in preparation have labored most zealously and faithfully, and every arrangement has been made to ensure a most pleasant entertainment. Refreshments have been provided in bountiful measure and in great variety, and the hall has been tastefully decorated. The tickets of admission, as above stated, have been put at a low figure, so that all may come. We would urge our people who desire to promote so good and worthy an object not to fail of attendance upon this occasion. Let the hall be filled in all its ample proportions.

NO PAPER TO-MORROW. A despatch last evening states that the Portland, and other western papers will not be issued this afternoon (it being the anniversary of Washington's Birthday) nor Friday morning. We shall therefore omit the publication of our paper Friday morning—and we are requested to say that The Times will also omit its afternoon publication to-day.

The School Committee have not made Washington's Birthday a holiday; therefore the schools will be in session to-day as usual.

THE CAPACITIES OF MAINE. We place on our fourth page to-day a report of a lecture by Rev. Dr. Tefft, upon the capacities of our own State and how to make the most of them. It contains wholesome and profitable food for thought, showing as it does what may be done by energy, enterprise and the development of home resources.

SINGULAR DEATH OF A HORSE. Mr. David Smith, of South Orrington, informs us that he recently lost a valuable horse after a very short illness, and wishing to ascertain the cause of death, a post mortem examination disclosed an ulcerous tumor of more than a pound weight, within the substance of the heart. The animal was ten years old, and weighed 1200 pounds at the time of his death.

—Eight or nine hundred workmen are engaged in the different manufacturing operations in Augusta, as stated by The Farmer.

Bangor, we trust, is about to start on a career of manufacturing enterprise. We presume that the dam at Treat's Falls is now a fixed fact.

—The New Hampshire State election takes place on the 13th of March.

SMART WOMAN. The Ellsworth Journal says that Mrs. Mary Varnum, aged 65 years, living at Buck's Mills, in Bucksport, wove 1392 yards of cloth last season, spun about 200 skeins, and the most of the time, milked two cows night and morning.

—General James J. Fessenden, son of Senator Fessenden, has accepted the position of Superintendent of the New England division of the National Express Company, of which General J. E. Johnston is President. His headquarters will be in Boston.

—We learn from The Hancock Journal that Richard Higgins of Trenton, has been appointed Light-house keeper at Winter Harbor, by Collector Thomas. Mr. Higgins served honorably in the 1st Maine Heavy Artillery, and was severely wounded while facing the enemy at Spottsylvania, Va.

—The municipal election in Portland takes place March 5th. In Bangor March 12th.

—A man in Auburn seventy-one years of age, stood two flour barrels on their heads, laid a stick across them, stood with his feet together and jumped free and clear over the stick. Smart old gentleman.

—An attempt is being made in Skowhegan to organize a Brass Band.

—The Ellsworth American says that Mr. G. P. Osgood of that village, while at work in the logging swamp last week, and exerting himself beyond the bounds of prudence, burst a varicose vein in the leg, and before medical assistance could be obtained came near bleeding to death.

—Capt. Wm. R. Smyth, of Brunswick, has been made Major by brevet by recommendation of Gen'l Grant, for meritorious services at the battle of Chickamauga.

—The new hotel at Norridgewock is to be opened with a grand ball on the 27th inst., as we learn from the Skowhegan Clarion.

—The *Loyal Sunrise* of Presque Isle is now printed in an enlarged form, and is a handsome as well as good paper. We wish Bro. Stickney may have the success which he so well deserves. He makes an independent and live paper, and an interesting one to his readers.

ONE OF THE MONARCHS. The Sunrise says that Mr. Henry Tilley's crew on No. 14, Range 4, cut and hauled at one load a pine tree, which measured at the stump 4 ft. 8 inches in diameter, 55 ft. long, scaled full size 3859 ft., equal to 9 tons 29 ft. It was scaled by Mr. Chadwick of Bangor.

—Messrs. Talbot, Rust & Co., of Rockport, have put in store 6000 tons of ice, the few past weeks. The prospect of the ice trade, the coming season is, is said, is not as good as our ice dealers were anticipating, owing to large quantities having been secured in the Middle States.—[Belfast Age.

—THE "SUPPOSED FLIGHT OF A BANK ROBBER." The Boston Journal says it is informed on good authority that the "supposition" of the Portland Press that the person who paid for a special passage to Portland the other day to take the steamer to Europe, was Howard, one of the Concord Bank robbers, is wholly erroneous. The gentleman who paid for the extra train was Mr. J. H. Shannon, of the firm of Shannon, Granger & Everett, of Chicago. He paid $100, not $300, for his ride.

—The Brunswick Telegraph, in speaking of the design of the Methodists to build a church in that village, says:—"The Catholics are in treaty for the purchase of the old building and lot which is held at $1500, and it is highly probable that they will secure it. We understand that $3000 have been subscribed by the Methodists and their friends towards the new building, so that if the old one is sold, $4500 will be available. It is stimated that $5000 will be required."

Snow. The heaviest fall of snow which has occurred this season, in this vicinity at least, was experienced here last week.—Eighteen inches on a level were added to our former stock, rendering travelling a very unpleasant business.—[Aroostook Pioneer.

We understand that the recent rain storms in this vicinity have been snow storms in the northern part of the State,—and that the snow is now four feet deep on the head waters of the Penobscot.

—A letter from Bothwell, C. W., published in the Lewiston Journal, says one quarter of the McKay farm, purchased a few weeks since by parties in Waterville, Biddeford and Lewiston, has just been sold at an advance of 250 per cent. in gold.—[Kennebec Journal.

We saw some of those lots sold, on the same day the above sale was effected, at an advance of 100 per cent. on the above rate.—[Oxford Democrat.

ELECTRICITY. During the prevalence of a snow squall this morning at half past twelve o'clock, the atmosphere was so completely charged with electricity that messages were transmitted between Boston and Portland, across the wires without the aid of a battery. Just before the appearance of the squall, the Northern Lights were unusually brilliant. Sparks of electricity were freely emitted from the instruments at the telegraph office in this city, and we are informed by the operator, Mr. Austin, that such a thing is of rare occurrence. Mr. A. also informs us that it is only during the appearance of the Northern Lights that the lines are ever affected in this manner, and but once before, some eight years since, does he remember messages to have been transmitted without the aid of the battery. It was a subject of much remark at the time, by the *savans* of the country, many theories being offered in elucidation of the mystery.—[Press.

—Aroostook soil is good, as Maine young men will find if they try it. George A. Richardson, of Eaton Grant, furnishes the Pioneer with the following account of its fertility:—

"He raised the past year on two and a half acres of land, one hundred and twenty-five bushels of oats; seventy-five of potatoes; twelve of rye; ten of barley; two of corn; two of beans; twenty-five of buckwheat; two of peas; two of oats and peas; five of turnips; forty cabbages, and other garden vegetables.

—In the passage from Hawthorne's Note Book, published in the Atlantic Monthly, he speaks of the Marshal of Maine—"a corpulent jolly fellow, famed for humor." The Marshal, whom Hawthorne saw a quarter of a century since, survives the brilliant author and though less corpulent, is quite as jolly. Albert Smith, little less celebrated than the Albert of Mont Blanc, is a resident of Boston.

—By new processes of extracting the gold from the quartz, the "dust," or "tailings," hitherto thrown away, is now made to pay forty dollars per ton. The gleaners after the miners will do better than the miners themselves in many instances.

—A tremendous fall of rain took place on the night of Feb. 12th. It poured all night. Many cellars of houses and stores were partially filled. The outlets of the drains were frozen up, hence the filling. S. W. Pope & Co., on Dublin street, had goods damaged in their cellar to the value of five or six hundred dollars.—[Machias Union.

MR. L. A. GODEY. The name of this gentleman has become a household word in New England from his long connection with the Lady's Book, which he has managed with great ability for more than a quarter of a century. His many friends will be gratified to hear that he proposes within a few weeks to obtain relaxation from his labors by a trip to Europe.

—Hon. Lewis Cass, who lives in Detroit and at last accounts was very feeble with but small hope of improvement, is about eighty-two years of age.

—A sensitive Dutchman committed suicide at New York, a few days ago, because he was so mortified that his cousin had come to this country and gone into business as a mule-driver.

—The Mississippi river is rising and pouring through the plantations near Baton Rouge. The great levee building there, under the State's management, has not been finished, and great loss is anticipated.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY. The March number of this first of American magazines is received, showing the following excellent table of contents:

Passages from Hawthorne's Note-Books—III; An Old Man's Idyl; A Ramble thro' the Market; The Freedman's Story—II; Nantucket; The Snow-Walkers; To Herza; An Amazonian Picnic; Doctor Johns—XIV; Communication with the Pacific; In the Sea; The Chimney-Corner for 1866—III; Poor Chloe; Snow; Griffith Gaunt, or Jealousy—IV; Reviews and Literary Notices:—Whittier's Snow-Bound—Winifred Bertram—Smiles's Lives of Watt and Boulton.

THE LADY'S FRIEND for March is well filled with interesting literary matter, fashion plates for the month, poetry, &c. Published by Deacon & Peterson, Philadelphia, for $2.50 a year—two copies $4,00. To clubs of twenty, $1,75.

CLOAKS,
—AT—
COST AND LESS!
—AT—
Thompson & Hichborn's.
jany 1

FEBRUARY—LADIES BOOK,
feb 1 received by E. F. DUREN.

TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT
—OF THE—
NEW YORK
LIFE INSURANCE CO.
HOME OFFICE,
Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway, New York.
JANUARY 1, 1866.

Amount of assets Jan. 1, 1865		$3,658,755 55
Amount of premiums received during 1865,	$2,024,801 86	
Amount of interest received and accrued, including premium on gold, &c.,	257,269 55—2,342,065 40	
Total,		$6,000,820 95
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Paid losses by death,	$490,522 03	
Paid for redemption of dividends, annuities and surrendered cancelled policies	294,698 57	
Paid salaries, printing and office expenses,	71,523 97	
Paid commissions and agency expenses,	216,407 53	
Paid for advertising, and physicians' fees,	31,512 41	
Paid taxes, internal revenue stamps, war contributions and law expenses,	14,203 80—1,118,901 25	
Total,		$1,881,919 70
ASSETS.		
Cash on hand and in Bank,	$250,036 56	
Invested in United States Stocks, cost (Market val, $2,140,775),	2,115,431 25	
Invested in New York City Bank Stocks, cost (Market value $54,475)	52,561 50	
Invested in other stocks, cost (Market value $331,015),	333,923 15	
Loans on demand secured by United States and other stocks, (Market value $55,858)	48,600 00	
Real Estate, (Market value $250,000)	140,319 74	
Bonds and Mortgages,	250,747 92	
Premium notes on existing policies bearing interest,	1,186,988 21	
Quarterly and semi-annual premiums due subsequent to January 1, 1866,	242,451 02	
Interest accrued to January 1, 1866,	60,989 59	
Rents accrued to Jan. 1, 1866,	1,579 12	
Premiums on policies in hands of agents & in course of transmission,	197,601 54—4,881,919 70	

The Trustees have declared a return premium as follows:—A Scrip Dividend of FIFTY PER CENT. upon all participating premiums on Life Policies in force, which were issued twelve months prior to January 1, 1866, and directed the redemption in full of the dividends declared in 1863 and 1864.

Certificates will be redeemed in cash on and after the first Monday in March next, on presentation at the home office. Policies subject to notes will be credited with the return on settlement of next premium. By order of the board,

WILLIAM H. BEERS, Actuary.

During the year 5188 new policies were issued, insuring $16,324,888.

Balance Sheet of the Company, Jan. 1, 1866.

Assets, as above, at cost,		$4,881,919 70
Market value, $5,018,449 06		
Disposed of as follows:		
Reserved for losses due subsequent to Jan'y 1, 1865,	$78,841 45	
Reserved for reported losses awaiting proofs,	26 600 00	
Reserved for special deposit for minor children,	285 76	
Amount reserved for reinsurance on all existing policies, (valuation at 4 per cent. interest)	3,520,297 66	
Reserved for:		
Dividends declared prior to 1863, due and payable on demand,	118,211 88	
Dividends, 1863 and 1864, now to be paid,	232,895 00	
Dividend 1865, (present value),	315,042 00	
Dividend 1866, (present value),	406,117 00	
Special reserve, (not divided),	184,228 95	$4,881,919 70

MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.
ISAAC C. KENDALL, Vice President.
WILLIAM H. BEERS, Actuary.

A. R. HALLOWELL,
District Agent, Custom House Building.
Medical Examiners—DRS JOHN MASON and JOHN M. BLAISDELL. feb 19—3t MW&F

HAIR RESTORATIVES. The sale of *Clock's, Hall's, Tebbett's* and *Grafray's* Hair Restorers, is unprecedented at BRADBURY'S.

Fine Japan Tea.
HAVE received a few chests of the FINEST JAPAN TEA ever brought to this country. At retail $1.40 per lb. E. B. PATTEN,
jan 4—2w 44 W. M. Square.

5 GROSS Clock's Hair Restorer. Also, Hall's, Tibbetts', Grafray's, French's, Wood's, Heinstreet's, Perry's, and others, at wholesale and retail by dec 28 B. F. BRADBURY.

Tamarinds! Tamarinds!
IN KEGS and BBLS., by
jan 16 BRADBURY.

Colgate's Honey Soap.
This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin.—For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers
Sold by N. S. HARLOW,
jan30 tm d&wly Bangor

OTTITNE.
This excellent Remedy is an infallible cure for Deafness, Discharges from the Ear, and NOISES IN THE HEAD.
This wonderful VEGETABLE EXTRACT has been the means of restoring thousands to their hearing, who, after trying everything and every body had given up hoping ever to hear again.
It operates like a charm upon offensive discharges from the EAR, no matter what may have caused it or how long the disease has been standing.
Noises in the Head disappear under its influence like magic. Price $2 00 a bottle. For sale by all druggists. At wholesale by C. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover Street, Boston.
feb 2 m eod 1y

For Sale!
100 BBLS. CLEAR and EX. CLEAR PORK;
25 Tierces PURE LARD;
400 Bbls. Ex. and Double Ex. FLOUR;
4000 Lbs. BUTTER;
1500 Lbs. TOBACCO;
30 Boxes Japan, Oolong, & Souchong Teas,
—ALSO—
CORN,
MEAL,
MOLASSES,
SUGAR,
COFFEE,
SOAPS,
CANDLES,
SALERATUS,
SEARCH,
SPICES,
RICE,
BEANS,
PAILS,
BROOMS, &c., &c.,
—CHEAP FOR CASH AT—
No. 74 Exchange Street.
R. DAVIS & CO.
Bangor, Feb. 13, 1866.—2w

The Best Wringer Yet Out!
Warranted, with Cog Wheels.
CALL AND EXAMINE,
TAKE THEM ON TRIAL;
AND if satisfied keep them—if not, return them to the agents,
Fogg & Bridges,
feb 10 47 W. M. Square.

Down! Down! Down!
GROCERIES CONTINUE TO DECLINE.
HOTEL KEEPERS, Families and all who wish to buy at the *Lowest Rates*, should call at
53 West Market Square,
Where they will be supplied at
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES!
feb 13 G. W. MANTON.

S. L. MERRILL,
DEALER IN
Fancy Goods & Toys,
POCKET CUTLERY,
Pot Monnaies, Toilet Goods, &c., &c.,
No. 4 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.
feb 10

Something New!
A Nice Fish Market
In the Taylor Building, Pickering Square.
ALL KINDS of *Fresh and Pickled Fish, Oysters, Clams and Lobsters*, in their season. Fish and Oysters constantly arriving. Having had ten years' experience in the Fish Business on the sea-board, and two years in Norombega Market, I think I can suit all that will favor me with their patronage.
Fish delivered in all parts of the city.
ALFRED JONES.
feb 12—3w (Times copy 3w)

Oak Grove Seminary.
THE SPRING TERM at OAK GROVE SEMINARY will open on the 20th of 2d Mo., and continue Eleven Weeks, for the children of Friends and others of both sexes.
AUGUSTINE JONES, A. M., Principal.
Please send for Circular. Address A. JONES, Vassalboro, Maine.
Vassalboro' 2d Mo. 7th, 1866. feb 12—3w

East Maine Conference
SEMINARY,
BUCKSPORT, ME.
THE SPRING TERM of ELEVEN WEEKS, opens on MONDAY, February 19th.
JAS. B. CRAWFORD,
Buckspor, Jan. 20, 1866.—feb 3 d3w PRINCIPAL.

NEW ENGLAND
MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE CO
OF BOSTON.
A HOME COMPANY,
CHARTERED AND ORGANIZED IN 1843. IS the oldest Company in the Country.
The Officers are men well known in this community, in whom they have the fullest confidence, as is proved by the fact that
Many of Our Citizens
Hold Policies on their Lives in the Company.
REPORTS, CIRCULARS,
And all information given, and applications for Policies received by the Subscribers, Agents for the Company.
John S. Kimball & Son,
AGENTS.
NOS. 30 AND 32 EXCHANGE STREET.
Bangor, February 20, 1866.—tf

BUTTER!
CHOICE
FAMILY BUTTER,
JUST RECEIVED.
J. C. Towle & Co,
jan 2 NO. 2 BROAD STREET.

NEW BOOKS.
A NOBLE LIFE, by the author of John Halifax
Wives and Daughters, by Mrs. Gaskell;
The Lost Bride, by T. S. Arthur;
The Tiger Hunter, by Mayne Reid;
Braithwaite for January.
feb 8 Received by D. EUGBEE & CO.

Dr. Bushnell's New Book,
VICARIOUS SACRIFICE: Thoughts on Personal Religion, by Goulburn; On Study of the Bible, by Goulburn. Received by
jan 22 E. F. DUREN.

Prepared Wood.
WE are now delivering HARD & SOFT WOOD, at reduced rates. C. A. BABCOCK & CO.
January 15, 1866.

SMOLANDER'S
EXTRACT BUCKU
Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of Diseases of the *Stomach* and *Kidneys, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsick, Chronic Gonorrhœa*, and *Cutaneous Diseases*. For those suffering from the effects of *excesses of any kind* it is perfectly *invaluable*. For *Female Complaints* it is a *priceless remedy*. It never fails to effect a *cure*. It is the *BEST* and *CHEAPEST* preparation of Bucku offered to the public.
Price, One Dollar per bottle.
For sale by W. L. ALDEN & CO and N. S. HARLOW.
Agent for Maine, W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland.
BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, General Agents.
nov17 d&w3m

Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.
Chloasma, or Mothpatch, (also Liverspot,) and Lentigo, or Freckles, are often very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion; for the discolored spots show more plainly on the face of a blonde than a brunnette; but they greatly mar the beauty of either; and any preparation that will effectually remove them *without injuring the texture or color of the skin*, is certainly a desideratum. Dr. B. C. Perry, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered a remedy for these discolorations, which is at once prompt, infallible and harmless.
Prepared only by B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond Street, New York, and for sale by all druggists in Bangor, by Warren L. Alden. Wholesale Agent: Price $2.00 per bottle. Call for PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.
nov6 SawD&W—6m

For Sale.
HOUSE, BARN AND LOT, situated in Orrington, on the Stage Road, half a mile from the Post Office and Church in Brewer Village. Enquire of JOSEPH S. KENT,
feb 15—2w* in Brewer Village.

House for Sale.
The Subscriber offers for sale his House on Spring St., and two adjoining Lots, at a great Bargain. House is in good repair and convenient. Has hard and soft water.
feb 6—4w* W. B. HEATH.

FOR SALE.
HOUSE AND LOT No. 1 OHIO STREET the Starrett Homestead. Also, 700 acres of land in Dedham, near Read's Pond—good wood land with some Hemlock thereon.
JOHN T. STRICKLAND,
feb 5—tf Administrator.

Farm for Sale.
A GOOD FARM of about 115 acres in Winterport Village, 2-3ths of a mile from the Hotel, and on the main road to Bangor, about 75 acres covered with a good growth of hard and soft wood, and estimated to average thirty cords to the acre;—balance of land divided into tillage, pasturage and mowage, and cut last year about 20 tons hay, and can be made to cut fifty tons at little expense; has a young orchard, some trees in bearing, and garden well stocked with varieties of fruit and shrubbery.—Buildings in good order. Free privilege to ship wood on a good wharf ¼ a mile from the wood land. The above will be sold at a bargain, or exchanged for good vessel property. For further particulars enquire of the present occupant, P. W. REED.
feb 9—6w*

Sailors Attention!
NAVIGATION!!
A CLASS IN THE ABOVE IMPORTANT BRANCH, will commence at
Bryant, Stratton & Co.'s
BUSINESS COLLEGE,
OVER THE
Telegraph Office, Bangor,
MONDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1866.
This class is under direction of HENRY C. SNOW, late an Officer United States Naval Service, and an experienced theoretical and practical Navigator. For particulars, terms, &c., apply to
C. B. LAKIN,
feb 17—2w Res. Prin.

OATS---OATS!
FOR SALE BY
Car Loads,
or less quantities, by
J. C. TOWLE & CO.,
NO. 2 BROAD STREET.

CONDENSED STATEMENT
OF THE
Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK, JANUARY 1, 1866.

Amount of Capital,	$500,000 00
Amount of Capital paid in,	500,000 00
ASSETS.	
U. S. 10-40 5 per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds (market value),	$375,436 25
U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury Notes, (market value),	219,422 50
Wisconsin War Bonds	1,770 00
Cash on hand,	40,600 53
Cash due on premiums written at the office,	54,968 28
Cash in hands of Agents,	50,360 59
Interest accrued and not due,	10,132 55
Amount of all other investments,	11,550 00
	$763,670 03
Amount of losses claimed and unpaid, not yet due, and all other claims,	$118,065 47
Amount of Fire losses paid the past year,	481,863 50

E. A. STANSBURY, President.
E. R. THOMAS, Secretary.
B. PLUMMER & SONS,
feb 7—is3w Agents, Bangor.

Deering, Milliken & Co.,
Successors to G. L. Storer & Co.,
JOBBERS OF
Dry Goods, Woolens,
And Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Clothing and Cloaks.
AGENTS FOR
Empie Sewing Machines
FOR THE STATE OF MAINE.
53 and 60 Middle Street, PORTLAND
e18d&w6mos.

Change in Livery Stock!
Having disposed of my interest in the LIVERY STOCK in the Main Street Stable, formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, I would say that I have a
CHOICE LIVERY STOCK
At my old stand on the Hampden road just below the Bangor House, where I should be happy to wait upon old and new customers.
All orders left at the Bangor House for Coaches, Hacks or Livery, will be promptly attended to.
O. M. SHAW.
feb 5 (Times)

STANIFORD'S
"NONPAREIL"
CLOTHES SPRINKLER!
POSITIVELY THE ONLY CLOTHES SPRINKLER WITHOUT A RIVAL. By the use of this article, clothes can be immediately ironed, without the usual delay by any other mode of sprinkling. It is particularly helpful when ironing woolen goods, the sprinkles being fine like rain.
It is always in order, and needs but a trial to be appreciated. No lady will do without one of these useful articles.
Manufactured and for sale by
W. E. Staniford & Co.,
BUCKSPORT, MAINE.
Orders promptly attended to. jan 30

NEW CROP
Molasses!
MUSCOVADO and CLAYED CARDENAS MOLASSES, a new and nice article. Small cargo just receiving, and for sale low by
feb 9—1m SAMUEL H. DALE.

I WILL SELL
The Stock of Goods in Store
44 West Market Square,
AT PRICES LOWER
Than the same goods can be bought for elsewhere.
I have a fine assortment of
TOBACCO & CIGARS,
AND A GOOD STOCK OF
GENERAL GROCERIES,
which I wish to close out in
THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.
E. B. PATTEN,
dec 28 44 West Market Square.

OILS!
SPERM, LARD,
WHALE, COAL,
NEATSFOOT, ELAINE,
and MYSTIC OILS.
For sale in lots to suit purchasers.
30dos by BLOOD & ROWE.

Green Wood!
FOR SALE. Apply at 44 Exchange Street.
jan 10 MATHEW LINCOLN.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Whig & Courier

REPORT OF

Dr. Tefft's Lecture

ON

MAINE, and how to make the most of our own State.

DELIVERED IN THE FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, BREWER, THURSDAY EVE. FEB. 12, 1866.

[Reported for the Bangor Jeffersonian.]

On an average, not ten degrees north of the average latitude of the State of Maine, and twelve and a half degrees of the average latitude of New England, and within less than two degrees of the southern point of Greenland, there lies a reef of naturally barren country, not so large as Maine, and more than six times our wealth and population, possessing more people than the whole of the New England States together — Her power from her first appearance on the theater of nations has been marvelous She resisted every attempt of Cæsar and his victorious legions. The Norman conqueror met with no serious resistance till he set his foot on her borders when he was hurled from the land and was forced to seek a speedy peace with one whom no conqueror had ever mastered. She is at this moment a builder of ships to the first naval power of Europe, and her manufacturies are numerous, large and prosperous, giving occupation to nearly twice as many people as inhabit New Hampshire and Vermont Her agriculture is prosperous enough to feed her numerous people Having little timber and possessing little mineral wealth she depends upon her soil for bread. Her intellectual position is equal to that of the most favored nation of the globe Her common schools are good and her Colleges and Universaties are continually pouring out a population of the best educated talent Who has not heard of her philosophy, her literature and her science and of her great men in all departments of enterprise. Who is ignorant of her orators, and her poets, and her Statesmen There is scarcely a hamlet within her border that does not glory in the triumph of some of her gifted men. The soil is cultivated to the highest perfection and demonstrates the genius, enterprise and life of her citizens and the results of their labor on so rough, rugged and mountainous a country, draw forth the admiration of all mankind Scotland is wealthy where a less ambitious race would have starved, and teaches to other countries how to make the most of their scanty resources. She is the demonstration of what a northern region may become Such in few words, is the land of that remarkable people whose glory and civilization has streamed out and reached to the remotest confines of earth What is there or can there be to hinder the people of the State of Maine from building up another Scotland. We have a far more fertile country and it abounding in all the resources required for a flourishing and powerful State This was the question that thrust itself upon my mind during my first visit to the land of Robert Burns We have around us in our own State, resources out of which to make our State what we choose to have it Any country will always be what its people choose to make it. Every individual citizen is the artificer of his own fortune. We can all bear our part of the great work In every thrifty community there must be genius, enterprise, capital and labor and upon the hearty co-operation of all these depends the power, wealth and strength of a state or nation. Genius is the power which sees changes of doing things never done before A man of genius will pass over a country where for centuries people have been living and laboring for a scanty living and will transform it into a garden. Here, says he, is a morass, producing nothing but tadpoles and frogs, but beneath all this I behold a beautiful plantation, teeming with verdure and freshness. He digs into it, drains off the water, works over it and soon his plantation comes up to view in all its richness Soon it becomes productive, he gets rich and becomes one of the solid men of the community. In the working of his land he will not consent always to run in the steps of his fathers but substitutes machine for hand labor and his plantation becomes a fixed thing, an agricultural institute and an example to all the farmers far and near because he has found out how to do old things in a new way, and how to transform a morass into a fruitful field Another man of genius drives or rides through a rich and productive country, the inhabitants of which have been in the habit of sending away the materials produced by them to a far off country there to be manufactured and at great expense returned to them again for their own use. He sees a large and beautiful stream winding its way among the hills and tumbling along the rocks from one steep to another and he hears the people complain that this should be so full of rocks and that its bed should be so uneven as to completely ruin navigation. What a blessing is this tumbling water, cries this man of genius. On this foaming water I will build a dam on which I will erect a score of mills, and the products of the country shall here be manufactured and sent into all the world He goes to work and soon a city springs into being on the river banks as if by magic and almost before any one is aware what is going on

Again, wearied with constant application and the toils of the brain, he takes his rifle and fishing tackle and starts off for a little recreation. He wanders through the dense forest, and over rough mountains, crossing numerous rivers and streams, till all at once, he emerges into an open, clear country, rich in natural resources of every character, producing large crops, and in the bosom of whose soil lies untold wealth in the shape of iron and coal mines, and slate quarries, but shut in from the outside world by naturally wild, rough and almost impassible country. Now the man of genius says, what simpletons these poor people are, having in abundance so much of the good things of this life, materials so much needed in the community from which I came, and yet neither they nor the others can see how both may become wealthy by simply connecting the two by cutting a canal, or laying down a line of iron rails between them. Thus inland country shall be developed and its resources brought to the seaboard and both shall be filled with wealth and thrift all from a single thread of communication between the two localities. Population and travel would then increase. A spirit of enterprise would fill the people, the undertaking would begin to pay and with the land teeming with this idea, convincing the people that there was money in it, the work goes forward; the wildness would be cleared up and a seeming miracle would burst upon their view. Without genius to find out the way for us, the world would be to-day where it was when under the reign of rude barbarism. Yet such men are called by some, fanatics, idle talkers and dreamers. They are slandered and ridiculed because their ways are not like other peoples ways. They are not appreciated by people generally, till they are taken away from us. Columbus was not appreciated in his day; neither was Gallaleo but when they are gone, and we look around vain for others to fill their places, we then begin to fell their loss, and rear huge monuments to their memory as high as Babel; and publish their names to posterity as public benefactors It were far better to heed their teachings while living

But these men of genius are not always men of enterprise This class is a class of deeds They are not known for their power of making known ways for prosperity, but are the men to take hold of an enterprise after it has been mapped out, and engineer it through, They are men of intelligence and spirit They cannot bear the policy of standing still, holding their hands and waiting, Micawber like, for "something to turn up" Their passion is to *make* things turn up and turn over. They are always at their post at work at some useful project. They are a most important class of citizens and are employed in stirring the world up to some new and important undertaking They are starring men and whenever a prospect is open to them of doing a work of general utility they are not idle but say to others, "come neighbors, here is a good work, let us take hold and do it," and they will give the world no rest till the enterprise is undertaken. One true genius will furnish work for several hundred of these men, but it could not do well without them Some will not listen to them because they were not the first to propose the idea. Others think they are acting from selfish motives, for being supremely selfish themselves, it is impossible for them to understand how it is possible for any one to undertake any great enterprise without having selfishness at the bottom. They cannot see how another can do a thing from any different motives than those which govern them

But no enterprise can be successful without capital. A State may produce any amount of genius and this may be followed by enterprise but nothing can be done without the wealth of the country. There must be these men who have the ready money And the class of capitalists is as essential as the two former classes to the prosperity of the State. But the most wealthy men are not always those who the most readily take hold of a new work They want first to be sure that it will pay them well in dollars and cents The first work has to be done by men of comparatively small means and in general it is better for any community to have its surplus wealth distributed rather than to have it concentrated in a few persons Men of moderate means are generally more liberal than the rich and the burden of a new enterprise which is to benefit a community falls on them The rich are apt to stand back till their less forward neighbors have commenced and gone as far as they could, and then when they have expended then all and reduced themselves to penury they will take the work as it is for little or nothing and finishing it add still more to their already accumulated wealth They care not a copper for what the community says or thinks of them They are waiting till the work which is doubling the value of their possessions shall come to grief and then they will step in and take hold of the tottering enterprise and make themselves rich by getting the benefit of what better men than they have lost

Men who thus hold back in every good work, waiting to rob their neighbors, only deserve our utmost contempt They be in wait to catch the unfortunate and make their gains by preying on other peoples losses You will see these men everywhere, plying their dreadful business by marking every man they see to find out what he is worth, and when a convenient time comes they will pounce upon him, cut him up and dispose of every slice of him as easily and conscientiously as they would their dinner They are the vile reptiles that strike then innocent victims without a rattle or a hiss They are vultures that would rob the grave of its dead to satisfy the low cravings of hunger and would then whet their dirty beaks against the gravestones And yet they think that the community respects them They are self deceived, good for nothing, shallow creatures Could they but know how they are despised by all, they would carry their heads much lower than they do They are the robbers of every man's right to competence and wealth. They are mere sepulchres, that engulf their fellow citizens in one common ruin. They add not a penny to the general wealth, but make their money by compelling other people to lose

Honor the man who with what means he has, is ready to help every good enterprise that comes along He is not obliged to go into everything he is asked to He may weigh the matter first and speculate as to the feasibility of its prospect of success and of his means to undertake it This is his duty, but it is equally his duty to be alive to such new ideas as are constantly rising up about him Every dollar of his money should be devoted to some work the natural result of which shall be to make business for more people and to bring out of nature something which has not been brought out before The soil, the air, the sea are full of wealth — They only need to be brought out The Mexicans lived for centuries in California, in poverty and pauperism, not knowing the mine of wealth there was beneath them, and it was not till American enterprise searched the soil that its untold riches were brought forth We have riches here in the cold and uncomfortable State of Maine, and it only needs that we shall put our enterprise and capital at work in hunting up and bringing it out to the light. It has been said that he is a public benefactor who makes two spires of grass to grow where only one grew before. It is our duty to create two enterprises where there was but one before, and if the capital of Maine were thus employed we should soon behold a picture of prosperity that would do us good to look upon.

Lastly comes labor. Not last because least but last in the classification It has three requisites, intelligence, skill and honesty These are the three things demanded of every man who labors for another person, and on all these respects the American laborer stands above that of every other country in the world. The common school has made the humblest son of toil a thinker. In workmanship he is not to be surpassed. He is thought by many to be inferior to the foreign manufacturer, but it is not so. Give him a job to do and the pay for doing it and the result will prove that we need not go abroad for a perfect article. They are better citizens than the laborers of Europe They are native born and have learned from the open Bible the beauty of the golden rule And this one fact has more godliness in it than we can dig from the richest Eldorado in the world.

Our soil is full of mineral wealth Our forests are full of timber, and our ships are the finest built in the world No finer ones are built anywhere than in the State of Maine and on our Penobscot river.

There is no doubt but we have among us a good number of each of the four classes of men just mentioned as necessary to the development of our northern State, and under the combined efforts of these classes, we are making visible progress, but we are not progressing as fast as we might and ought to do. We are not advancing like some of the middle and western States. Can we lift our finger and put it on the spot where the trouble lies? The great evil in our State is our lack of faith. Nothing can be done in this world without faith. No man can succeed in any enterprise without faith in himself, and faith in his work. This is the great evil in this State As a general thing we do not believe that our State is capable of becoming one of the leading States of this great republic. Why, it is too cold, too rocky, too mountainous, too barren, to become a first class State. We have not tried it As yet, compared with the most northern States of Europe, we know nothing about farming We have no farming here. Our farmers are not farmers exclusively but in addition are blacksmiths, carpenters, shoemakers and perhaps some of them occasionally do a little preaching. They are into all sorts of business except their own. We are not testing the soil that God has given us. Instead of enriching it year by year and taking from it large crops we are satisfied with what scanty crops the soil gives us, and are impoverishing it year after year And yet our farmers are constantly grumbling about the poor soil of our own State, and are telling their children of the rich soil and bountiful harvest of the prairie West and sunny South

They do not however, tell them of the drawbacks, of the low price of their products, of the chills and fever, the swamp miasma, and the cursing blight of slavery It is distance that lends enchantment to the view. They have never been there themselves and know nothing about it. Nothing is said of the lack of schools and of good society. Nothing is said of the disadvantages These children, therefore, learn in their early life to despise their own country, and their fathers clinch their own argument by their own mean way of farming We have no advantages, our fathers have told us, till we believe them. Do not believe one solitary word of it, have faith in the State of Maine, and your faith would grow the more you traveled abroad There is as much here that a man requires in this life to make him comfortable as there is anywhere under the sun In the West and South a farmer can raise more bushels of grain but not so much money Crops are more abundant but markets further off and not so good, and do not pay so well for the same investments in capital and labor.

The lecturer then gave a little of his western experience in farming which was in this wise

"While living in the western country I had a pet patch of corn of about ten acres I bestowed much care and labor on it and had really a fine piece Some of the stalks were 16 feet in height (I measured it and want you to believe it) About harvest time I was taken ill and sent for the doctor. After he had prescribed for me I asked him what I had better do with my corn 'Well, I don't know,' said he, 'it is hardly worth gathering, there is so much in the country and it is so cheap You had better turn your cattle into the field and get your neighbors to do the same, (that is, those of them who haven't pasture ground enough of their own of the same sort,) and let them eat all the corn they can Then turn in your hogs and let your neighbors turn in theirs and they will eat the stalks and roots and leave you ground all clean' This being the best thing I could do, I did it, and my pet ten acres paid me twenty-four dollars When you sigh for the cheap prices of western lands and the abundant crops, just remember my pet ten acre lot"

Here we can raise less bushels but more dollars A man can realize as much here over his expenditures by proper management as in the richest part of the Mississippi valley Here he has health, is educated at his own school and enjoys his own religion He has no fever and ague and is almost sure of good health, and as a general rule it is much better for a man to remain living in the State where nature has placed him It is better for every son of Maine to remain in the State than to go to any other country on the globe Our people do not generally believe this fact Maine is one of the best States to emigrate to of any in the Union We can make Maine superior in an agricultural point of view We can raise peaches here in the open air Grapes will grow here too, and in great abundance. We can raise much more corn than we do. Canada, which is much farther north than we are, raises some of the best apples and grain on the continent Our crops grow where they bring the highest prices, being close to a market where there is a ready sale. We live in the midst of the best civilization Let us then study our position and resources, and our faith will soon grow strong and will work out for us such miracles as will gladden our eyes. Then, too, we have a very extensive range of seacoast which has heretofore served us only for the purpose of carrying away our lumber But our lumber will soon be gone. We must then turn more attention to the soil, pull the stumps out of it and enrich it, not impoverish it and send from all our sea ports corn and grain and other natural products of the country which we can raise in such abundance!

Besides, we are blessed with broad rivers and large streams, and fought to be one of the first manufacturing States of the Union This done and trade would turn in this direction and we should become a great commercial State Were our men of capital and enterprise to employ the means at their command, we might easily demonstrate that you have been listening this evening to no fancy sketch, no more whimsical ideas, but the simple truth Our Legislature should take the matter in hand The men composing it should be men of genius and enterprise—men who should forget the petty squabbles of party and devote their time to the more noble purposes of promoting the growth and wealth of the State. They should be men of positive ideas of progress, and who can express them in clear, convincing terms Each city and town should have its committee or exchange of citizens whose business it should be to look after the interests of the place and develope its resources. Then there should be agricultural and mechanical schools and public lectures and by these means the public mind should be kept on the alert.

We are told that one hinderance to the realization of our ideas lies in the fact of our small population. It is wonderful what a perpetual stream of our young men are pouring out of the state to other fields of labor, never to return to the land that gave them birth. Nor is the tide of emigration ceasing, nor will it cease till we do something to keep those at home. Something must be done to give them employment and interest them, and make but people to remain where they were designed to dwell. Prove to our farmers that farming can be made as profitable here as elsewhere and they will stay. Prove to our young mechanics that they can do as well here as in New York or Massachusetts and they will not remove but will linger here among us. Make the students of learning return by encouraging them in their professions and by giving them such attentions as men of genius always crave, and they will live with us forever. Let us do what we can to make all feel at home and we shall soon have enough of population and that too of native growth There is no trouble in getting a population, the only trouble is in keeping it and feeding it. Let a new mill, a new forge, or any other new enterprise be started in a place and you would see how the people flock to it for employment. It is work—enterprise that is to keep our people from leaving. Let the capital we have be drawn from speculation and be devoted to tilling the soil, to mining, and to manufacturing, and we shall not only keep what population we have but we shall draw others from every state and from every country of the globe. If the man who makes two spires of grass to grow where only one grew before is a public benefactor, then he who makes two enterprises to grow where only one grew before performs a much more important mission This is the only way to do it. Let us in a word but make another Scotland of the State of Maine and our borders will be more and more crowded with people as we progress in our glorious work Let our streams be employed in working up our own raw material. Let us turn our attention to the fullest development of our own resources and we shall soon have population enough for our purpose.

We can also make ours a land of beauty as pleasant to the eye as a painted picture Let us improve the landscape which a bounteous nature has given us Let every man's farm or home be rendered beautiful Let every man's house be neat, well built, well fenced and painted with trees and hedges well trimmed and trained Let the pulpit, the school house and the press combine and mould our institutions If these things are done our population would increase. Men of genius would find encouragement to come and live among you Laboring men seeing your enterprise would rush here to do your work Our destinies are in our own hands Our state will be what its inhabitants make it We have had to take things as we find them and conform ourselves to our condition of soil and climate and with a just use of what is in our power, we may make of our state another Scotland

FIRE INSURANCE!

INSURE IN THE

Union Insurance Company.

Capital, $100,000.

No Assessments.

OFFICE—Corner of State and Exchange Streets, BANGOR.

GEORGE STETSON, President.
J. S. CHADWICK, Sec'y.

Jan'y 25 tf

LIVERY STABLE!

THE UNDERSIGNED, formerly proprietor of the PASSER HOUSE at East Corinth, and the SHAW HOUSE at Newport, has disposed of his interest in those Houses and also of his Line of Stages to Moosehead Lake and having fitted up the Stables formerly occupied by Caleb Billings on Main St., in Bangor will devote himself entirely to the business of keeping a

First Class Livery Stable,

in all its branches

HACKS AND COACHES

With well trained horses and careful drivers, furnished at all hours for the cars, steamboats, funerals &c.

HENRY JORDAN Coachman under Messrs Billings & Shaw and McLaughlin will remain with the Subscriber

Horses will be taken to board by the week, and the convenience and accommodations offered for boarders is not equalled in the city

The subscriber will rely on first class stock and constant attention to his business to secure a liberal patronage LEMUEL NICHOLS

jan 25 (Times copy)

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Co-Partnership under the name and style of

GREGORY & DARLING,

To continue the

BOOT, SHOE, & LEATHER BUSINESS,

And the Manufacture of

LUMBERMEN'S BOOTS AND MOCCASINS,

Corner State and Exchange Streets

JOHN N GREGORY WM. H DARLING

January 1, 1866 3d

RUBBER GOODS!

All kinds and descriptions,

AT THE

RUBBER STORE,

Jan19 129 EXCHANGE STREET

AXES! AXES!

470 DOZEN of the most favorite brands, bought for Cash before the recent advance, which I will sell at the lowest manufacturers prices.

Also, a Full Stock of

Hardware, Saws, Iron, Steel, Window Glass PAINTS, OILS, &c.

Also—100 TONS CUMBERLAND COAL.

Please give me a call before you buy

At NOS. 139 and 141 EXCHANGE STREET.

nov 6 M. SCHWARTZ.

Important to Manufacturers.

FOR SALE—The best Water Privilege in North Eastern Pennsylvania with about thirty feet fall of water, supported by a dam of solid masonry, laid in water cement. Supply of water unfailing, capable of running eight or ten wheels through the entire season There are now seven wheels running on the property.

Located near the Borough of Honesdale, on the line of the Delaware and Hudson Railroad, from which stock can be delivered directly into some of the shops

Communicates with New York by Delaware and Hudson Canal, and with Philadelphia, Harrisburgh, Pittsburgh &c by rail. The cheapness of coal, and convenience of market communications, makes this a very desirable manufacturing property

On the premises are four large factories and a first class saw mill

About 100 acres of Farming Lands, with first class farm buildings, and over 100 acres of timber land can be purchased with the above property, if desired

For further information apply to

HENRY M SEELY,
Honesdale Pa.

jan31 3taw6w

Steam Bakery.

THE subscribers having added a Steam Engine to their machinery for Baking, and enlarged their shop are prepared to furnish every description of White, Brown, and Graham

Bread, Crackers, Soda, Pilot and Hard Bread for the Woods, and Ship Bread.

PASTRY, of all kinds, constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail

Flour manufactured by the Barrel. Orders from the country promptly attended to

S. Emery & Son,

No 8 PICKERING SQUARE.

Bangor, Nov 21, 1865

War Claims, Pensions,

Arrears of Pay, $100 Bounty, and all Claims for Military Service in the present War, secured by

DANIEL SANBORN,

Office, Corner of Franklin and Hammond Streets over C. Sweet's Store.

PENSIONS for Soldiers wounded, injured, or for disease contracted in the present war.

HALF PAY, Pensions for the Widows or Minor Children of those killed, or who have died in the service.

$100 BOUNTY for the Widows, Minor Children or Heirs of deceased Soldiers.

Information by mail or otherwise, given gratuitously.

Fees for service moderate, and limited to the times.

DANIEL SANBORN,
Pension Agent.

Pension Office corner Hammond and Franklin Sts

jan15 d&wtf

International Hotel,

PORTLAND,

OPPOSITE CITY BUILDING

THIS EXCELLENTLY LOCATED HOTEL HAS BEEN

Thoroughly Refitted and Furnished,

in the most elegant style, and

IS NOW OPENED TO THE PUBLIC

— BY —

S. B. BREWSTER,

FORMERLY OF THE SKOWHEGAN HOUSE.

Mr B would be happy to meet his old friends, and the public generally

feb 10—3m

Lease and Fixtures for Sale

— OF THE —

AUGUSTA HOUSE.

The undersigned being compelled (on account of ill health) to relinquish Hotel business, offers for sale the lease and a portion of the furniture of said House

This Hotel ranks among the first in the country and commands a large proportion of the travel It has one hundred twenty five rooms perfectly ventilated and substantially furnished Attached to the house are Bathing Rooms Shaving and Billiard Saloons &c

In connection with the house is a large and convenient Stable, and a fine livery stock

To any one desirous of entering the hotel business, will find this a rare opportunity with comparatively a small capital

Harrison Baker,

PROPRIETOR

February 2, 1866—6w

Hotel Notice.

The undersigned having this day closed for a long term, the Dwinnel House in Bangor, takes this occasion to notify the public that the same will be

CLOSED,

for the purpose of a thorough Repairing, Refitting and Renovating of the premises,

until the 22d instant,

on which day it will be RE OPENED by the subscriber under the name of the

"NICHOLS' HOUSE,"

where his customers will find in all respects, a first class Hotel Having had a large experience in the business formerly at the Parker House in East Corinth, and afterwards at the Shaw House in Newport, he solicits the aid and encouragement of all old friends and patrons

Every exertion will be made to render this House to all who may visit it a most comfortable Home

Lemuel Nichols.

Bangor Feb 1, 1866 (Times)

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a

"First Class Hotel."

He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture &c &c He has also secured the services of M H Hutchins, as Clerk. And by the experience he has had in the business he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—*or any other man*

Houlton, July 1 1865 GEO PARKS, Proprietor

National House.

HARLOW ST., BANGOR, MAINE,

A. T. CHICK, - - Proprietor,

THIS House is situated in the most business part of the City and is now open to the Travelling Community

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

Horses are attached to this House a good STABLE with attentive Ostler Charges moderate

A 1 CHICK.

Bangor November 10, 1861

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

Harlow Street, Bangor, Maine.

This well and favorably known Hotel having the past season been enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, has now all the appointments of a first class Hotel

The subscribers, having leased the above House for a term of years, and having had several years experience in the business, flatter themselves, by strict and personal attention, to merit a liberal share of public patronage

Unlike other hotels, this house has no superior, being in a central position and on one of the pleasantest streets in the city. In connection is a large and commodious Stable, in the care of attentive Ostlers, also a Livery Stable, which will always be supplied with first class teams

Stages leave the house daily, for all parts of the country McLAUGHLIN & SON

WM D McLAUGHLIN,
HENRY McLAUGHLIN,

Bangor, March 5 1860

DR. LAROOKAH'S Sarsaparilla Compound,

For the Speedy and Permanent Cure of

Liver Complaints, Scrofula or King's Evil, Eruptions, and all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Pimples Pustules, Blotches and Boils, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Pains in the Bones, Side and Head, for the various Weaknesses to which Females are liable Dyspepsia, Debility, Emaciation, Dropsy and all diseases resulting from or in an impure state of the Blood.

THIS invaluable to Nervous Sufferers, and a positive cure for Palsy arising from the abuse of Mercury or Lead

It is a Tonic as well as an Alterative and a sure protection from attacks that originate in change of climate season or life

LIVER COMPLAINTS and their combined symptoms, such as Lumbago, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Bilious Eruptions, &c When caused by *Scrofula* Taint, this compound is a most effectual remedy

DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION is often caused by Scrofula, which deranges the stomach, and renders it unhealthy Indigestion is not always caused by Scrofula, when it is, this Sarsaparilla Compound is a ready cure

NEURALGIA HEADACHE and various disorders of the nervous system frequently arise from a low state of the constitutional health, and are much relieved and often cured by this powerful remedy

ERYSIPELAS, Swelling, Tumors, or Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Sores &c. Moderate doses three times a day will usually effect the cure of the above complaints, but often requires considerable time

Price one dollar per bottle Six bottles for five dollars

DR. LAROOKAH'S

ALL-CONQUERING

INDIAN VEGETABLE PULMONIC SYRUP,

A Sovereign Remedy for Coughs Colds, Bronchitis Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat & Lungs

Unsurpassed by any Medical Discovery in the World DR. E R KNIGHTS, Proprietor, Melrose, Mass.

Price 50 Cents and $1,00 per Bottle.

DR. KNIGHTS' Oriental Hair Restorer.

After a long series of experiments, this article, as it is now offered to the public is believed to be the most perfect of its kind which science has ever devised No pains have been spared to produce what has so long been demanded by thousands, who from sickness or other causes, have become prematurely grey; and others who in the sere and yellow leaf of life, would retain, as far as possible, the semblance of youth. DR KNIGHTS ORIENTAL HAIR RESTORER, after a few applications, *restores grey or faded hair to its original color*, and is the only preparation of the kind upon which the public can place any reliance *It has never been known to fail in a single instance*, and is totally unlike the thousand and one so-called Hair Restorers, by which so many have been egregiously deceived.

It is delightfully perfumed, gives the hair a rich and glossy appearance, promotes its luxuriant growth, and will not soil the skin, scalp, or any article of apparel.

PRICE 75 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Prepared by

E. R. KNIGHTS, Chemist, Melrose, Mass.

Sold by B F. Bradbury, General Agent, Bangor, and by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.

sept. 13—3taw&weekly

New Dialogue Books.

LOVELL'S SCHOOL DIALOGUES. Raymond's Patriotic Speaker; Zachos' New American Speaker; Northend's National Orator, Northend's Entertaining Dialogues; Northend's Little Orator. For sale by CHAS. HIGHT.

feb 5

TOILET GOODS! If one desires to purchase Hair, Tooth, Nail, Silver, Hat, Cloth, or Dandy Brushes, or Toilet Soap, Powders, Colognes, or Pomades and Perfumes of the choicest kinds, call at

BRADBURY'S.

feb 6

VERY NICE TAMARINDS, preserved in sugar at wholesale and retail, by

B. F. BRADBURY.

HERMAN—an interesting work—for sale by

B. F. DUREN.

jan10

Portland and Boston Line,

THE STEAMERS

Forest City, Lewiston and Montreal,

Will, until further notice run as follows:

Leave Atlantic Wharf, Portland, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 5 o'clock, P M and India Wharf, Boston, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday and Friday, at 5 o'clock P M

Fare, in cabin, $2 00
Freight taken as usual

The Company are not responsible for baggage to any amount exceeding $50 in value and that personal, unless notice is given and paid for at the rate of one passenger for every $500 additional value

Feb 18, 1865. L BILLINGS Agent

oct24 tf

Bangor Post Office.

Post Office open from 7 A M to 7 ¾ P M, and from 8½ to 9 P M

Western mail closes at 6 A M North Carmel via Hermon at 2 P M, all other closes at 9 P M

The time of the arrivals and departures is the contract time There are no arrivals or departures on Sunday

The North Carmel via Hermon mail arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

Kenduskeag, Brownsville and Greenville offices have a daily mail

The mail to Dexter via Kenduskeag leaves here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday

The other mails need only

Arrival and Departure of Mails

	Arrival		Departure	
Western (arrives at dep 9)	7	P M	7 00	A M
Augusta,	7	P M	5	A M
Calais and St John	6	A M	9 30	P M
Belfast	9	P M	6	A M
Ellsworth Machias, &c	6	P M	9 30	P M
Houlton	7	P M	9	A M
Castine and Bucksport	7	P M	8	A M
Upper Stillwater,	7	P M	6	A M
Dexter via Kenduskeag	5	P M	8	A M
Brownville, via Bradford	6	P M	7	A M
Greenville, via Monson	9	P M	5	A M
North Carmel, via Hermon	1	P M	3	P M

RATES OF POSTAGE

ON LETTERS

Throughout the United States, 3 cents for half ounce, or fraction of a half ounce.

To and from the British Provinces, not over 2,500 miles 10 cents per half ounce

To same over 2,500 miles 15 cent per half ounce.

ON NEWSPAPERS—QUARTERLY RATES

Weekly papers (to actual subscribers) within the county where published—free

Weekly papers, to any place in the state where published and out of the county 5 cents per quarter

Weekly papers to any part of the United States 8 cents per quarter

Daily papers (for six papers per week) in the State 20 cents per quarter

Daily papers out of the State 30 cents per quarter

[The above rates apply to papers weighing not over 4 ounces each—and this embraces almost every paper in the United States]

ON NEWSPAPERS—TRANSIENT RATES

To any part of the United States—PREPAID

One package to one address not exceeding 4 ounces 2 cents

Over 4 ounces and not over 8 ounces, 4 cents

do 8 do do 12 do 6 do

do 12 do do 16 do 8 do

Newspapers must be left open at the ends

ON BOOKS—BOUND OR UNBOUND

If not weighing over 1 pounds

To any address, not exceeding 4 ounces 4 cent

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces 8 cents

do 8 do do 12 do 12 do

do 12 do do 16 do 16 do

Rates of Letter Postage to Foreign Countries

To England Ireland and Scotland 24 cents per half ounce

To France and Algeria by French mail, 10 cents quarter ounce 24 cents half ounce

To Germany, by Prussian closed mail, 24 cents half ounce

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce

do by Bremen mail, except Lubeck, Frankfort Luxemburg Wurtemburg Hamburg and the Netherlands 24 cents half ounce

do by Hamburg, mail except Hamburg Frankfort Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland and the Netherlands 24 cents half ounce

To Bremen, by Bremen mail 24 cents half ounce

To Hamburg by Hamburg, mail 24 cents half ounce

To Frankfort and Wurtemburg by Bremen mail, 15 cents half ounce

To Luxemburg, by Bremen or Hamburg, mail 24 cents half ounce

To Holland and the Netherlands, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce

To Austria and its States by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce

do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce

do by French mail (except Provinces in Italy), 21 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce

To Russia by Prussian closed mail 33 cents half ounce, if prepaid,

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce

To Prussia, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail 15 cents half ounce

do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce

To Sardinian States, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce if prepaid

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce

do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 23 cents half ounce

To Lombardy by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce—prepaid

do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce

To Parma and Modena, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce, 42 cents half ounce

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce

To Papal States, by Prussian closed mail 44 cents half ounce if prepaid

do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce, 54 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 28 cents half ounce.

To Tuscany, by Prussian closed mail, if prepaid, 40 cents half ounce

do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce, 42 cents half ounce

To the two Sicilies, by Prussian closed mail 47 cents half ounce—prepaid

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid

To Spain, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce, 42 cents half ounce—prepaid

do by British Packet, 5 cents half ounce

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 30 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce

To Portugal by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce—prepaid

do by British mail, via England, 33 cents half ounce

To Denmark, by Prussian closed mail 39 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 20 cents half ounce.

do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce 54 cents half ounce

To Sweden, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce, if prepaid

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 33 cents half ounce

do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce 66 cents half ounce.

To Norway, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 33 cents half ounce

do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce 66 cents half ounce.

To West India Islands, (not British,) except Cuba, Turk's Island, Carthagena Honduras, San Juan (Nicaragua), Santa Martha, Venezuela and St Thomas 34 cents half ounce

To Canada, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, Prince Edward's Island, Nova Scotia and New Foundland, 10 cents half ounce, when distance is not over 3000 miles from line of crossing, and 15 cents half ounce, if distance exceeds 3000 miles.

To Aspinwall and Panama, 10 cents half ounce, when distance does not exceed 2500 miles, and 20 cents if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid

To Bogota and Buonaventura, New Granada, 18 cents half ounce—prepaid

To Ecuador, Bolivia and Chili, 34 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Peru, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid

To West Indies, British, (except Turk's Island), 10 cents half ounce, if distance does not exceed 2500 miles, and 20 cents half ounce if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid

To Sandwich Islands, New South Wales and China by mail to San Francisco, thence by private ship 5 cents half ounce—prepaid

The postage on letters, *via* Southampton for Victoria, New South Wales Queensland, Tasmania, South Australia West Australia, and New Zealand, has been increased to 45 cents per half ounce prepaid.

'Geofray's Hair Renovater,

WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR!

Will Prevent the Hair from Falling Off!

Will Make the Hair Soft and Glossy!

Will not Soil the Whitest Linen, and is WARRANTED!

ITS SALE in the Bangor market has increased, than *Three Thousand Bottles*, and its sale is as rapidly increasing throughout the Union. Buy a bottle, and prove for yourself the fact that it is the *BEST ARTICLE* ever manufactured, and then recommend it to your friends.

REMEMBER! that it is put up in pint bottles, and is WARRANTED.

W. A. Alden & Co., H F. Bradbury, N. S. Harlow, Wm. Mann & Son, and J. S. Ingraham, Agents for Bangor—and sold by Druggists every where.

F. L. GIOFRAY.

Rockland, Oct. 21, 1865 d&w

PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD

LOWER LINE

Kendall's Mills

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

TRAINS leave Portland at 7 A M for Kendall's Mills, Rewinning—the train on arrival of the train from Boston leaves Augusta at 1 P M for Kendall's Mills and intermediate stations.

Returning—Leave Kendall's Mills on the arrival of the train from Boston which leaves Boston at 1 P M, Rockland at 2 30 P M and Kendall's Mills at 4 P M

CONNECTIONS

Between Portland and Rockland, Newcastle, Damariscotta, Waldoboro, Thomaston, Rockport, Camden, Belfast, Searsmont, Searsport, Frankfort, Prospect, Stockton, Winterport, Hampden, Bangor, Orono, Stillwater, Milford, Old Town, Mattawamkeag, Kenduskeag, Bangor, Dexter, Corinna, Newport, Pittsfield, Palmyra, Canaan, Skowhegan, Norridgewock, Madison, Anson, Solon, Bingham, Concord, Kingfield, Phillips, Strong, Farmington, Jay, Livermore Falls, Leeds, Wilton, Readfield, Winthrop, Monmouth, Gardiner, Pittston, Richmond, Brunswick, Bath, Lewiston, Auburn, Portland, Gorham, Saco, Biddeford, Kennebunk, Wells, Ogunquit, Cape Neddick, York, Eliot, Kittery, Portsmouth, Dover, Exeter, Newburyport, Salem, Lynn, Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Hartford, New Haven, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Norfolk, Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah, Augusta, Macon, Columbus, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Galveston, Houston, Brownsville, Matamoras, Havana, Nassau, Cuba, Mexico, Vera Cruz, Chagres, Panama, Aspinwall, Bogota, Buonaventura, Guayaquil, Callao, Valparaiso, Coquimbo, Copiapo, Caldera, Cobija, Iquique, Arica, Tacna, Islay, Ar